THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXIX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1897. NUMBER 21.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

THE FARTHEST YONDER.

Oh, friend of other years,
Do you remember
Those glorious autumn days
When distant hillsides flamed
In all their splendor?
I whispered, "Speed us, love,
To beauty yonder."

Your voice was low and sad:
"Those hills of splendor
Are far and deep, my own;
The night will hide ere long,
And darkness gather,
And we shall yearn for rest
This side the yonder."

The years have swiftly flown,
Alone with wonder
I gaze upon the hills
A Master's brush has touched
With newer splendor;
My eager eyes would search
Beyond the yonder.

And you in higher realms,
You do remember;
For through my soul I feel,
Persuasive, sweet, your call,
Thrilling and tender,
Past earth's most perfect scenes
To farthest yonder.

—Harper's Bazar.

BRISTOWE'S RUSE.

Pah! another bungle! snapped Bristowe, that dry old stick of a detective, throwing down his newspaper. If that man had had a smattering of science at his fingers' ends he could have done the trick. Yes, you can all see it now. Ah, I ought to know. It was a bit of science that once helped me to get £500, get at the root of as queer a mystery as ever I tackled and possibly to save a gentleman's life into the bargain. Yes, I can tell you just how it happened. I wasn't on the spot till after the crime, of course, but I know exactly what took place. My word!

It was Sir Gavin Grey's case, if you remember—Grey, the great London banker. He had a fine old place down at Wimbledon that his niece, Kate—as sweet and lovable a girl as ever walked this earth—used to keep for him. Old bachelor, you know. They say and I believe, that that girl might have married any man she liked; but, of course, it so happened that the lucky fellow who crept into her heart was only a cashier at her uncle's bank—Leo Markhouse by name. The old gentleman was staggered at first, but at the finish he gave way on the condition that they waited till the young fellow proved himself fit for a partnership and for such a wife, and things went smoothly enough for a time. Then came a deadly crash.

Would you believe it, this Markhouse was fool enough to go and make use of a check that ought to have gone into the bank, and somehow or other it was found out before he could pay it back. It wasn't in Sir Gavin to give any man a second chance, I suppose, at any rate, he called him in, dared him to show his face there again and sent him about his business, with an alternative of prosecution. And one evening, a week later, when the old gentleman got back to his Wimbledon house the first thing he heard was that Markhouse had been there and that Miss Kate had gone off with him—gone for good. Pretty romance, eh?

Now for the mystery. It seems that for some days Sir Gavin was absolutely crushed and never left the house. He used to go up to the girl's room to make sure she was gone, and then he would go and sit in his study for hours at a stretch, hardly moving all the time, they said. Well, there was a glass door opening on a sort of balcony, and one night, when he was sitting there so, that door opened, and a man walked in. Burglar? No; it was Markhouse, come there with his wife to ask for one chance to redeem his backsliding. He said afterward they had meant to go boldly up to the front door, because Miss Kate was sure only one contrite word was needed to go straight to the old gentleman's heart; but, as luck would have it, he had seen the light in the study and chose that way.

There was a fine dramatic scene; they say the noise of it could be heard half over the house. Markhouse, he pleaded hard and tried to explain things, but the old gentleman was hard as granite. At the finish (I'm telling you just what I had from Markhouse himself and from Silverley, Sir Gavin's man servant, who, being privileged, was listening outside the door the whole time) he dragged open a drawer and threw a packet on the floor.

"There," he says, "you've wasted your time and eloquence. Your wife's mother left her at death £200 and some jewelry. There it is and there the way out, and I never wish to see either of you again."

Markhouse swears he never once thought of touching the packet, but simply stood still for a time, dazed by the prospect and the other man's bitterness. Then he pulled the glass door to and went down the balcony steps and along the avenue to where Kate was standing in a tremble, staring at that light from the study. It was queer she should say to him:

"Leo, you never threatened him! I heard your voices, but I was too frightened to move. Leo, don't harden your heart so—wouldn't you be bitter in his place?"

"Perhaps," was all he said. "The air of this place suffocates me."

Well, they had got to the end of the avenue when there came after them a hoarse scream, unnerving enough in the circumstances. Just the one word—"Murder," and nothing more. But the word of it was that the sound came from the house he had just left. Of course, he stood staring at the girl incredulously, and the next thing he knew was that she had broken away from him and was flying back up the avenue. He followed mechanically, and instinct took him back to that study window. And, by Jove! across the carpet in there, sure enough, lay a still figure; his wife hung over it with clasped hands, and the servants were buzzing and whispering behind. Murder? Well, the old gentleman had been struck sideways, it seemed, as he sat. There was a purple mark on his right temple, and there was his own heavy ebony ruler lying near by. And the man? Well, Markhouse suddenly woke up to the fact that they were pointing at him and that the buzzing had stopped.

"There he is!" says some one. "Don't let him go!"

"What?" He couldn't believe his own eyes, of course. They were all shrinking back from him—even his own wife, he thought. "Is everyone mad?" he asked. "Kate, what does it mean?"

"Mean?" says Silverley, stepping up, "why, it means murder, Mr. Markhouse, and you mustn't leave this house yet. Accuse you?—all of us. You came here for money, stealthily; I was in the hall, and I heard every word of your quarrel. When you had gone I knocked several times, but the door was locked. I called the others, and we broke in to find him lying—no, Miss Kate, you can't!"

She had caught those words and grasped what they meant. Woman-like, her first thought was for her husband's safety; she got hold of Silverley's arms and held him back by main force, imploring Markhouse to go, to escape, and leave the rest to Providence. Of course, he ought to have stood his ground, but the thought that she believed him guilty fairly paralyzed him, it seems. At any rate he turned and went off without another word—as bad a thing as he could have done.

For the next two days it was all chaos. People who called to sympathize found Kate wandering about like a ghost, and everyone was whispering of her as a widow already. It seemed clear enough: Markhouse had struck the blow in a temper and was missing; his best friends could only hope that he had got ahead of the hue-and-cry. Two days; then came the news that Markhouse had been arrested easily a few miles away, simply remarking that he cared not a jot whether they brought him in innocent or the reverse.

Miss Kate, she heard it about 7 o'clock that evening, and it seemed to put new life into her. She stood staring at space, they said, for about five minutes and then sent a man galloping off with a telegram. That telegram was addressed to me, and it simply said: "Come instantly, upon a matter of life and death."

I happened to be away from home that night, but I took a train for Wimbledon about 10 the next morning and found that the inquest was afoot. The jury had just been to view the body, and most of the servants were making ready to return with them and give evidence. In the general excitement I had plenty of time to look about, while I mournfully smoothed a crape band around my hat. In 15 minutes I had heard a good deal. Silverley was my best man. I managed to buttonhole him, introduced myself as the undertaker's man and asked how true it was that this Markhouse had someting to gain by Sir Gavin's death.

"Don't ask me," he says, distractedly. "That's the dreadful part of it—that everyone knows his wife comes in for her uncle's money. I've to go and give evidence against him! I wish to heaven I'd neve spoken!"

It was all very hazy. I thought for a bit and then sent up a card with the word "Bristowe" only upon it, and I didn't waste time. When presently she comes down, with a pitiful white face and dragging steps and looked to see why the study door was open, she gave quite a piteous cry at sight of me down on my hands and knees between the desk and window there.

"Mr. Bristowe! You—you know all, then?"

"A good deal, madam; the newspapers and the servants, you know." I told her cheerfully. "Er—of course this room has not been disturbed in any way? H'm, I find morsels of earth and dry leaf just by the window, but none near that desk. But that's nothing, perhaps. I want you to be quite calm and tell me all you know."

She did so almost lifelessly. "Oh, you are clever, I know!" she ended, a fair study in supplication. "If you think—you'll never say so! You'll go and leave it to the police!"

"Just one thing," I said: "A full light from this jet ought to reflect on that gravel path, and Mr. Markhouse was between it and the window. You may safely tell me whether you saw the shadow of a lifted arm from where you stood—so. H'm!" She had whispered her "N—no!" with dry lips and hesitation; he had raised his arm once. "Leave it to me," I told her. "In an hour I'll come and tell you what I think."

She understood and went. Well, I puzzled and puzzled over the thing and could make nothing of it. The door had been locked, you see, and he was found dead five minutes after Markhouse had stepped out on the balcony. I had a vague idea, but the facts would not seem to fit in at all, and I suppose the hour went by, for presently I saw her standing in the doorway, her eyes wide with terror.

"You—you didn't come. You—you think—" the rest died off in her throat. If it had only been for her sake I should have tried my level best.

"I think nothing yet," I told her. "It's complicated, simple as it seems. You see, the motive was scarcely robbery, as the packet was found there afterward. I'll be plain with you: If it was not your husband, it was someone within this house, and there's no clew so far. Having nothing to go upon I'm going to concoct something. You must be patient and give me time."

She did try, but I shan't forget her face when, an hour or so later, she came to tell me that her husband had been committed on the coroner's warrant. I had a plan in my head by that time, but I felt certain, if nothing came of it, there was not much chance for Leo Markhouse.

About 8 o'clock that evening the drawing room at the Wimbledon house presented rather a dramatic sight. All the household, from Silverley down to the scullery maid, had filed in there at my request and formed a gaping, excited group. When, after giving them plenty of time for whispering, I walked in, carrying a black bag, you could have heard a pin fall.

"All here?" I began, very impressively. "Very good." A queer pause. "Now, I wish to tell you all something. Up till two hours ago, I confess, I could find no possible loophole in the net that at this moment surrounds Mr. Leo Markhouse. I have called you all here to tell you that now I fancy there may be one." Another breathless pause, as I fetched out a square of cardboard. "All hangs upon this," I said, "a photograph of the deceased gentleman's eyes, taken after death. Two hours back I made the accidental discovery that there was in those eyes the indelible reflection of a face, a face all but recognizable at sight, and then I remembered something. By tomorrow morning, if there is any basis for the well-known scientific theory that the eyes of a person meeting death by foul play often catch and retain a likeness of the assassin's features, we may be in possession of the truth. Is this the face of Mr. Leo Markhouse? I am not at all certain of it; I am going straight away now to have this snap shot of mine enlarged tenfold and then— In the meantime, I will ask you not to let the matter go beyond the house."

A shiver and then a craning of pale faces to catch a glimpse of the photograph, but I was gone before they could fully grasp what I said. I had motioned to Kate, and she followed me to the hall door like one groping in a dream.

"Will you—will you save me?" I recollect her whispering. "You have discovered this, you suspect some one, and yet you warn them all. You—it is false! Show me that photograph, or I shall scream out!"

"Sh! you're too sensible," I said. "The photograph! It is a blank card; see! Mrs. Markhouse, I've simply played a card I don't possess, that's all. Time is precious. Now, listen. They think I'm off to town; you will let me in by the drawing room window in ten minutes from now. Goodby. First train in the morning!" I added, loudly, and the big door clanged.

Four hours later, when everything was quiet, I heard someone creeping along the passage leading from the servants' quarters and up the stairs. I had been waiting in the drawing room; I was out in a jiffy. A man—yes, he was standing at the top of the flight, as if afraid to go on. I had him! Up I crept. He went straight along to that room and tried the handle. When it gave he jumped back and almost saw me. Another second—then in he went. I heard him striking a match. I was there. He had lit a candle and was turning this way and that a drawn, white face that bore the marks of the four hours' suspense. It was Silverley, for years the valet of the man lying behind those white hangings, and it seemed that my bit of a bluff was going to have results. Holding the candle high, he drew back the hangings and stared hard at the poor old gentleman's eyes.

They were closed, of course, and would never open again. He had waited four hours in a fever for nothing at all.

A click behind him did the rest. I was pulling the door to, and he sprang across in a fair frenzy—just too late. I managed to lock it on the outside, and his nerves weren't proof against that second shock. He gave a sort of choking scream, and then all was quiet. Down I ran and woke one of the servants. However, when we opened that door there was no need to use force or even to ask questions. He was on his knees there and gasped out the truth on the spot.

"I—I did in it self-defence! Let me out—only let me out! They'll never hang me—they couldn't! You think! It was all quiet in there. I ran through the drawing room and along the balcony, and he was sitting with his head down so, and the packet was lying there—anyone's property! I—I thought he was in a fit and found my hand on the packet before I knew it. He saw me and snatched at my throat, like this, in a passion. He was mad and would have strangled me, and I—I had to do it! Then I was frightened and ran back. I never meant to let Mr. Markhouse in for it till I—I—Oh, heavens! I didn't! What have I said?" A bit more than I'd expected. Enough, at any rate, to get him penal servitude.

Eh! What did you say? That scientific theory was exploded long ago? Well, it wasn't when I went to school, and it helped me to unravel this mystery when everything else had failed. —Tit-Bits.

Grewsome Trophies of Congo State Soldiers.

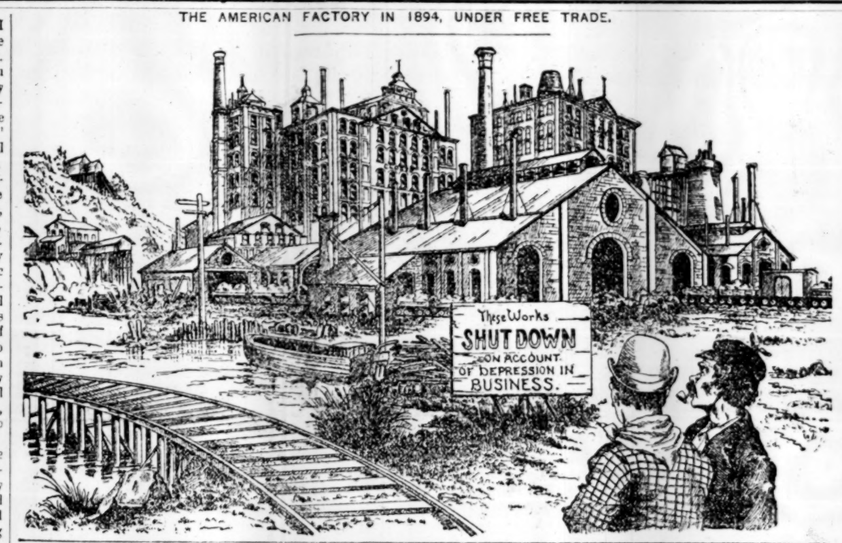
A final paper made up from the journals of the late E. J. Glave, who died after crossing Africa a couple of years ago, appears in the Century, under the title of "Cruelty in the Congo Free State." Mr. Glave says:

Mr. Harvey heard from Clarke, who is at Lake Matumba, that the state soldiers have been in the vicinity of his station recently, fighting and taking prisoners; and he himself has seen several men with bunches of hands signifying their individual kill. These, I presume, they must produce to prove their success! Among the hands were those of men and women, and also those of little children. The missionaries are so much at the mercy of the state that they do not report these barbaric happenings to the people at home. I have previously heard of hands, among them children's, being brought to the stations, but I was not satisfied of the truth of the former information as of the reports received just now by Mr. Harvey from Clarke. Much of this sort of thing is going on at the Equator station. The methods employed are not necessary. Years ago, when I was on duty at the Equator without soldiers, I never had any difficulty in getting what men I needed, nor did any other station in the old humane days. The station and the boats then had no difficulty in finding men or labor, nor will the Belgians if they introduce more reasonable methods.

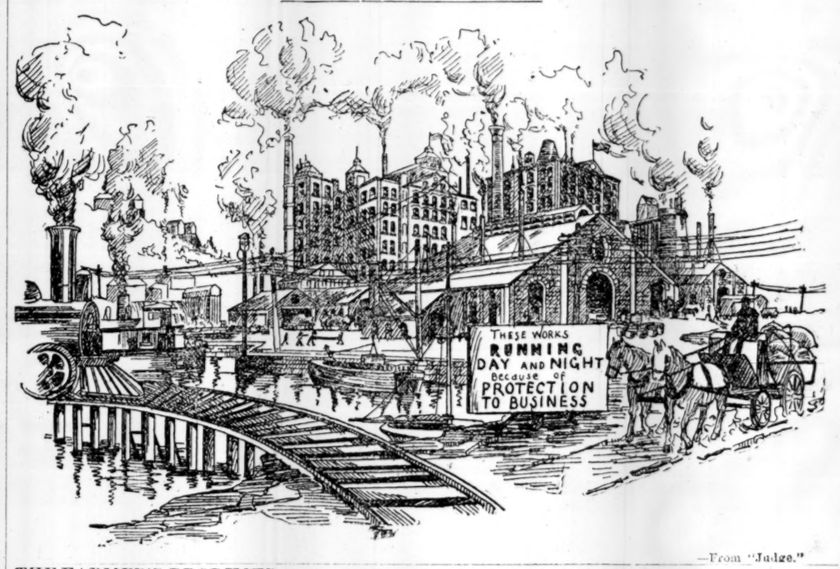
Golden Cannon.

A cannon made of solid gold, mounted upon a carriage of rosewood, and inlaid with costly gems, is the Unique bauble of warfare that has come into the possession of the Imperial Army of Berlin. This singular gun was presented to the Berlin army by the managers of the Hamburg museum, in whose keeping it has been for two centuries. It is valued at $25,000.

THE AMERICAN FACTORY IN 1894, UNDER FREE TRADE.



THE AMERICAN FACTORY IN 1897, UNDER PROTECTION.



—From "Judge."

THE FARMER'S PRODUCTS.

SELLING MORE FREELY AT MORE SATISFACTORY PRICES.

Protection Does Not Prevent Exports to Foreign Markets—We Sell More But Buy Less From Abroad—Another Free Trade Theory is Completely Upset.

Farmers are once more brought face to face with an old free trade falsehood—namely, that "if we do not buy we cannot sell." The free traders claim, in fact it is one of their stock in trade arguments, that we cannot sell our farm products or our manufactured goods to foreigners unless we buy proportionately from them in return. Our statistics of commerce carry no weight with a free trader. If the facts do not agree with his fallacies then the facts are wrong, even though they be from official records compiled by a free trade office holder. We prefer, however, to accept his figures as a refutation of the old argument of the free trade orators of the past and present that "if we do not buy we cannot sell."

First, let us examine the following table, which gives both the quantities and values of our exports of breadstuffs during the month of August in 1896 and in 1897:

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.

	Quantities. August, 1896.	Quantities. August, 1897.
Barley, bu.	1,604,726	1,991,161
Corn, bu.	11,022,477	14,766,585
Cornmeal, bbls.	26,819	70,463
Oats, bu.	2,867,515	4,723,172
Oatmeal, lbs.	2,200,945	3,765,032
Rye, bu.	730,230	1,405,902
Wheat, bu.	6,633,004	14,246,403
Flour, bbls.	1,460,531	997,011

	Value. August, 1896.	Value. August, 1897.
Barley, bu.	$613,214	$990,329
Corn, bu.	3,520,340	4,943,142
Cornmeal, bbls.	56,860	139,497
Oats, bu.	710,675	1,226,343
Oatmeal, lbs.	51,431	73,827
Rye, bu.	283,596	683,579
Wheat, bu.	4,199,434	13,118,897
Flour, bbls.	4,972,854	4,256,918
Total value, August, 1897		$25,502,532
Total value, August, 1896		14,411,407
Total value, August, 1895		9,664,629

The Wilson-Gorman free trade tariff had been in full force for one year by August, 1895, and for two years by August, 1896. During those two months we exported $9,664,629 and $14,411,407 worth of American-grown breadstuffs respectively. But last month, August, 1897, our exports of precisely similar products aggregated $25,502,532, being $16,000,000 worth more than in August, 1895, and $11,000,000 worth more than in August of 1896. In both of these months we bought very largely of foreign manufactured goods, of foreign free wool and of Canadian free lumber. Last month, however, in August of 1897—under the Dingley tariff for protection—our imports of foreign manufactured goods amounted to very little because our markets had been loaded up under the free trade Wilson-Gorman bill. Last month, too, we were not spending our money foolishly in buying Australian free wool or Canadian free lumber. But we managed to sell more of our farm products all the same. We sold nearly 400,000 bushels more barley than a year ago; we sold 3,750,000 bushels more corn; over 40,000 barrels more corn meal; nearly 2,000,000 bushels more oats; 1,500,000 pounds more oat meal; nearly 700,000 bushels more rye, and 7,500,000 bushels more wheat. This is a pretty good beginning for the first month of a protective tariff, and a month in which we bought less than usual and sold more. Now let us examine our exports of live stock:

EXPORTS OF LIVE STOCK.

	Number. August, 1896.	Number. August, 1897.	Value. August, 1896.	Value. August, 1897.
Cattle	25,089	30,789	$2,355,383	$2,850,903
Horses	1	823	23	2,919

Though these are by no means so extensive as our exports of breadstuffs, there is ample evidence of a satisfactory increase in the shipments of last month as compared with August, 1896. In the case of cattle it is the more gratifying when we recollect how the free trade Wilson-Gorman bill increased our imports of cattle, especially from Mexico, to the loss of our own American stock raisers. Now turn to the exports of hog products:

EXPORTS OF HOG PRODUCTS.

	Pounds. August, 1896.	Pounds. August, 1897.
Bacon	36,251,918	51,430,486
Hams	14,431,913	16,935,791
Pork	4,333,671	5,281,770
Lard	37,911,731	42,274,388

	Value. August, 1896.	Value. August, 1897.
Bacon	$2,310,715	$3,643,002
Hams	1,386,735	1,635,855
Pork	189,582	273,673
Lard	1,876,525	2,202,417
Total values	$5,793,557	$7,754,947

Here again we have very gratifying proof of the fact that we can sell our products even if we do not buy from others. An increase of $2,000,000 in one month's sales of hog products must convince our farmers that the policy of protection is not injuring the foreign demand for American food. The foreign consumers wanted over 15,000,000 pounds more of our bacon last month than when the free-trade theory was in vogue. They also took 2,500,000 pounds more of our hams; nearly 1,000,000 pounds more of our pork, and 4,300,000 pounds more of lard. The American hog has done nobly in upholding the policy of protection, and has shown that the foreigners want more of him with a piquant protection sauce than they did with our free-trade flavoring. It is the same with our dairy products:

EXPORTS OF DAIRY PRODUCTS.

	Pounds. August, 1896.	Pounds. August, 1897.	Value. August, 1896.	Value. August, 1897.
Butter	5,161,659	5,178,413	$718,943	$733,505
Cheese	4,719,580	8,765,203	371,463	742,087
Total values			$1,090,411	$1,475,592

In our exports of butter the increase was comparatively trifling, some 17,000 pounds more shipped abroad last month than in August, 1896. But our exports of cheese have nearly doubled, being nearly 4,000,000 pounds more in the August of protection than in last years free trade August. Taking together all these farm products to which we have referred, we sold to foreign countries during the first month of the Dingley tariff about $14,000,000 worth more than we sold just a year earlier during the free trade fiscal policy of the Democratic party. The much smaller volume of our last month's purchases from foreign countries will be dealt with as soon as the August report of the Bureau of Statistics is available.

The Outlook for Farmers.

The wheat market has probably reached its best. Dollar wheat is satisfactory, and if it remains in that neighborhood it will be abundantly satisfactory to farmers. There may not be a short crop in Europe next year, and the demand for export wheat may not be so great. But by next year American labor may find better employment, and the domestic demand for wheat will be greater. We may not have dollar wheat next year; but it will be much nearer the dollar mark than the twenty-five cent mark as predicted by Bryan and his zealous followers a year ago. The outlook for the farmers is encouraging.—Knoxville (Tenn.) Journal.

A Cat Nurses Rabbits.

Thinking four kittens too much of a litter, George Varner, of Clay Centre, Kan., took two of them away from his cat and disposed of them. The next morning he found the cat nursing the two remaining kittens and two little cottontail rabbits.

Abolishing Sectionalism.

The spreading of protectionist sentiment in the South, the impartial and wholly national spirit which has determined the provisions of the Dingley law, and the wise and statesmanlike utterances of President McKinley have gone far to destroy the remnauts of that sectionalism which, forty years ago, threatened to destroy the Union. There are enemies of America and of American institutions who are fond of prophesying that the time will come when the United States will split up into several different countries. The wish is father to the thought, for it has no real basis on existing facts. Every true American knows that that time will never come, and deplores and condemns any talk which tends to arouse sectionalism.

What spirit of sectionalism still exists we owe almost entirely to the free traders. They systematically try to stir up the West against the East on the ground that protection unduly favors the Eastern manufacturers; they try to rouse the East against the West because, as they say, protection favors the Western ranchers to the detriment of the people of the East; they try to arouse the South against the North and the North against the South. It is quite consistent that those who would make a catspaw of our own country to enrich the nations of the earth should try to sow the seeds of disunion within our own borders. The American people are indebted to the free traders for many evils, and not the least is this effort of theirs, on every occasion, to stir up a spirit of sectionalism. It is an evil which should be stamped out in summary fashion and all honor should be given to that thoroughly American law, the Dingley law, which, by protecting all sections of the country alike, has disarmed sectionalism.

Permanence of Protection.

"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." Some optimistic protectionists are prone to forget this in the days of victory and to relax their efforts in spreading broadcast the doctrines of protection. The experience of 1892 should be a never to be forgotten lesson to them. The victory of 1888, the passage of the McKinley law in 1890, and above all, the marvellous prosperity of 1891 and 1892 led many optimists to think that the country had been won to protection forever. But the elections of 1892 taught them differently, and it should have taught everybody that no victory for protection, no amount of prosperity resulting from protection even, is sufficient to make protection permanent, unless constant effort is made to keep the principles of protection and the history of its benefits to this country always before the people. The free traders are organized and active, and must be constantly opposed by organization and activity. Until the New York Reform Club, the New England Free Trade League, and all similar organizations disband, until all opposition to the American system is silenced, the battle must be waged and the doctrine of protection must be unceasingly taught. Only in this way can a protective tariff be made permanent.

A Strange Gun Accident.

David Hesford, a resident of Liberal, Mo., was accidentally shot in the right breast and died within an hour. He took a gun to the barnyard to kill a hawk, and set it down upon the ground, the muzzle resting against his side. While shelling corn for his chickens he dropped an ear of corn, which struck the trigger, discharging the gun.

London's Astounding Growth.

The growth of London is astounding. The latest returns on the subject show that over 1,200 houses are erected monthly in the metropolis, and during the year between the months of August, 1896, and August, 1897, 14,591 houses were built.

MANITOBA FIRE-SWEPT.

The Country Presents a Terrible Scene of Death and Devastation.

MANY FARMERS LOST THEIR ALL.

Winnipeg Was in Great Danger, But Was Saved by a Change of the Wind—Two Women and Five Children Perished in Their Home in the Woods—Live Stock Suffered Heavily in the Prairie Fires.

WINNIPEG Manitoba (Special).—The prairie fire which raged all over the country, being fanned and driven by a gale of wind, died out during the night, and the morning sun dawned upon a terrible scene of death and devastation. Farm houses, implements, crops and live stock were everywhere consumed, and many farmers lost their all.

At Beausejour, forty miles east of this city, two women and five children named Moreski were burned to death. Fire came upon their house, which was in the woods, from two directions simultaneously and shut off all means of escape. Only a few charred remains were found afterward.

Carcasses of horses, cattle and sheep are lying all over the district, and a number of families of foreigners are homeless and utterly destitute.

At Bagot, seventy miles west, the Canadian Pacific Railroad depot and seven cars, the Dominion Grain Company's elevator with 20,000 bushels of wheat, Lawrie's store, Higginbotham's, Link's and Buckanan's stables, a cold storage warehouse and Farmer Waldron's farm buildings and crops were destroyed. The little town was practically wiped out of existence.

At Stony Mountain the fire ran up to the Canadian Pacific Railroad platform, where, by desperate efforts, its progress was stayed. Much hay and grain was consumed in this district.

In the Lake Francis district, northwest of the city, there was also extensive destruction of crops. A young farmer named Markham was terribly burned while trying to save his property.

At Oakland, on the Portage branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad, several hundred cords of wood and thousands of tons of hay were destroyed.

Just southwest of this city there is a large hay marsh. The fire swept over this and nearly every farmer lost his hay and many also lost their grain and implements. There were large bands of horses and cattle pasturing on the marsh, and the charred carcasses of the animals dot the ground every few paces. Jack rabbits and prairie chickens were also annihilated.

The people of this city were anxious for some hours, as it was feared that the fire would come into the suburbs, where many valuable residences are located, but a timely change of the wind averted the danger.

NEAL DOW DEAD.

Veteran Leader of Temperance Forces Expires in Portland, Me.

General Neal Dow, the veteran Prohibitionist, died a few days ago at his home in Portland, Me.

Neal Dow was born in Portland, Me., on March 20, 1804. His parents were Quakers. Upon attaining his majority Mr. Dow was admitted as a partner in his father's business, and the firm of Josiah Dow & Son was



GENERAL NEAL DOW.

formed. Of this firm he was a member fifty-one years. He was connected with many other business enterprises.

Neal Dow married, January 20, 1830, Maria Cornelia Durant Maynard, the daughter of a Boston merchant, and immediately moved into the house on the corner of Congress and Dow streets, where he lived so long and where he died. Of ten children born to Mr. and Mrs. Dow but three are now living.

Mr. Dow, in the latter part of 1861, at the request of Governor Washburn, raised a regiment of volunteers and a battery of artillery. He was commissioned Brigadier General shortly after by President Lincoln.

It was in connection with the Maine Temperance Union in 1837 that he first came into public notice. He went before the Legislature and argued for a prohibitory liquor law, and in 1842 had the license question submitted to Portland citizens, and won.

He headed the movement to prohibit the sale of liquor in Maine. He succeeded in getting the bill passed which has now come to be known the world over as the "Maine Law." It was signed by Governor Hubbard June 2, 1851. It was repealed in 1855, but he secured the re-enactment of the law in 1857, and it has remained on the statute books ever since.

Brothers Drown Four Girls.

While returning from a party at Hamilton, Ala., six people in a boat were thrown into the Buttahatchie River and four of the occupants drowned. Those drowned were the Misses Lizzie Smith, Belle Key, Mary Swearingen and Ella Phillips. Their escorts, Robert and John Wright, brothers, who caused the boat to capsize by rocking it, saved their own lives.

Racing in New Jersey Doomed.

Since the special election held in New Jersey the supposed majority against the anti-gambling amendment dwindled, until the latest returns made it seem probable that there was not any majority at all. Indications based on revised returns from all counties make it seem evident that horse racing in future will be unconstitutional in the State.

Lynching Like a Legal Hanging.

Washington Ferran, the colored man who assaulted the two Landrum children, in Ouchita parish, a few days ago, was lynched publicly in the court house square at Monroe, La. There were over 500 persons present at the lynching, which was conducted in all respects like a legal execution.

Spain's New Cabinet.

Senor Sagasta was instrusted with the task of forming a new Cabinet in Spain. Marquis Vega de Armijo accepts the Presidency of the Chamber. Admiral Bermejo will be Minister of Marine.

Labor World.

It is said that child labor in Michigan has been recently lessened by the compulsory education law.

On account of increasing orders the Selma (Ala.) cotton mills have commenced to run day and night, with two shifts of employes.

A mass-meeting of building trades mechanics to protest against the shooting of miners at Hazleton, Penn., has been held in New York.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, at the close of its fiscal year (June 30, 1897), had a membership of 24,000 and 523 lodges. Large accessions have been made since.

FOUR FISHERMEN DROWNED.

Captain Smith's Boat Capsized in the Surf at North Long Branch, N. J.

Four pound fishermen were drowned at North Long Branch, N. J., by the upsetting of Captain Henry Smith's boat in the heavy surf about two hundred yards from shore. Captain Smith and two members of his crew, Andrew Anderson and John Seuna, were rescued by the crew of a fishing boat in charge of Captain John Hennessey. The men drowned were: Antonio Henriksson, twenty-nine years old, Sweden; Joel Hertz, twenty-eight years old, Sweden; Adolph Persons, thirty years old, Sweden; George Robbins, twenty-six years old, North Long Branch.

The fishing crews breakfasted at half-past 5 o'clock. Half an hour later Captain Hennessey and Captain Smith put in an appearance on the shore with their crews. The surf was running high, but as both captains had successfully [illegible] the sea was heavier [illegible] unwillingness to [illegible]

Captain Hennessey manned the boat bound for the off-shore pound. They reached the pound safely, and had one-third of the pocket loaded when Captain Hennessey's attention was attracted by the firing of a gun from the shore. This was followed by the ringing of the village fire bell.

"Boys, Captain Smith's boat has had a mishap," said Captain Hennessey. "We must try and save them."

The nets were dropped by the fishermen, and every man in a few seconds was at his place in the boat. It was no easy matter to make quick time in such a surf. Looking ahead, about 100 yards, Captain Hennessey saw two men struggling in the water. The distance seemed greater as the men at the oars pulled each stroke, but finally Andrew Anderson and John Seuna were taken aboard more dead than alive.

JAPAN'S ENTERPRISE.

Money Appropriated to Teach Americans How to Make Tea.

Several months ago the Japanese Tea Guild sent to this country a special commission to investigate the condition of the Japanese tea trade in the United States and Canada, and to co-operate with its American representatives in giving publicity to the merits of Japanese teas and the best methods of preparing them.

Tea bazaars are to be opened in many of the principal cities in the United States and Canada, where ladies can enjoy a cup of fine Japanese tea made by experts, and at the same time receive instructions which will enable them to make it equally well at home. More than half the tea consumed in the United States and Canada is of Japanese growth, yet most Americans apparently do not understand how to prepare it so as to develop its delicious qualities. The Japanese Government has appropriated a large fund to aid in promoting this educational work. The Japanese Tea Guild has issued this official recipe for making Japanese tea:

First.—Use a small, dry and thoroughly clean porcelain teapot.

Second.—Put in one teaspoonful of tea leaves for each cup of tea desired.

Third.—When using Japanese teas, pour on the required quantity of fresh boiled water, and let stand with closed lid from two to three minutes. Never boil the leaves. In order to retain the natural flavor, Japanese tea leaves should be kept in tight can or jar, free from moisture.

Note.—To thoroughly enjoy the natural, delicate and sweet flavor, neither sugar nor cream should be used.

FIRE DESTROYS A TOWN.

One Hundred Buildings in Austin, Penn., Levelled to the Ground.

Fire started at Austin, Penn., in Weed's livery barn, in Turner street, and in five hours every building in the place except five was levelled to the ground.

Turner street is the principal residence street in the town, and the loss is a heavy blow. Probably five hundred persons are homeless.

The fire was started by a load of hay being run into a gas jet. The load was backed into the barn and the team left standing while the driver was preparing to unload. It is the second great fire in the history of the village.

About one hundred buildings were burned, mostly residences. Among the large losses were the Methodist Church, Presbyterian Church, Opera House, Welch's meat market, Helwig's drug store, Gallup's livery and Weed's livery. The loss is placed by insurance experts at from $150,000 to $200,000.

The town is practically without a water supply, the mill pond on which the citizens depend for water for fighting fires having been drained while undergoing repairs.

It was necessary to blow up the drug store with dynamite in order to save the business portion of the town. The only fire protection of the town was that furnished by the Goodyear Mills, and the four hundred men employed there were ordered out to stop the progress of the fire.

SLAUGHTER AT A CROSSING.

Six People Killed and a Family Wiped Out of Existence.

A passenger train on the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis Railway ran into a wagon containing seven persons at Dead Man's Cut, three miles north of Willow Springs, Mo., instantly killing six and fatally injuring the other one. Those killed were Phillip L. Wooton and his four children, Phillip, Jr., Amanda, Dora and an infant child and Mrs. Francis Malbrey. Philip Wooton's wife was fatally hurt.

Conductor Hallaway says that the proper signals for the crossing were given, but they were not heard. The crossing is considered one of the most dangerous in the country, being a curve and a heavy grade. The persons killed lived in Texas County, Missouri, and were on their way to Arkansas to pick cotton.

NAMED BY THE PRESIDENT.

William R. Finch to Be Minister to Paraguay and Uruguay.

The President made the following appointments:

William R. Finch, of Wisconsin, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Paraguay and Uruguay.

To be Consuls of the United States: James I. Dodge, of Indiana, at Nagasaki, Japan; George W. Dickinson, of New York, at Belleville, Canada; Alvin Smith, of Ohio, at Trinidad, West Indies, and Percy McElrath, of New York, at Turin, Italy.

Joseph Perrault, of Boise, Idaho, to be Surveyor-General of Idaho.

She Weighs 500 Pounds.

Paris is much interested in a Canadian colored woman who is on exhibition there. She weighs 500 pounds.

A Pitiful Tragedy.

Romeo Weisenberg, eleven years old, of New York City, became crazed and violent as a result of long brooding over the fact that he was refused admittance to a crowded school building. He is now in a ward in Bellevue Hospital. The little fellow worked hard all summer to earn clothes to wear to school.

Raised Their Bid Five Millions.

The New York syndicate have raised their bid of forty-five millions for the Union Pacific Railroad five millions, making it fifty million dollars, and it is thought this will be the highest and will be accepted by the Government.

Minor Mention.

New Orleans complains of an invasion of rats.

The Creek Indians of Oklahoma have decided that the squaws shall not vote.

A man died in a St. Louis hospital from lockjaw, caused by wearing tight shoes.

The War Department is making a survey of the defences of San Francisco Harbor.

Michigan parties are agitating the construction of a ship canal to join Lake Erie with the southern end of Lake Michigan.

Houses are building in London now at the rate of more than 1200 a month. During the year between August, 1896, and August, 1897, 14,591 houses were built.

Weak Lungs

Hot weather won't cure weak lungs. You may feel better because out of doors more, but the trouble is still there. Don't stop taking your

Scott's Emulsion

because the weather happens to be warm. If you have a weak throat, a slight hacking cough, or some trouble with the bronchial tubes, summer is the best time to get rid of it. If you are losing flesh there is all the more need of attention. Weakness about the chest and thinness should never go together. One greatly increases the danger of the other. Heal the throat, cure the cough, and strengthen the whole system now and keep taking Scott's Emulsion all summer.

For sale by all druggists at 50c and $1.00

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect April 27, 1897.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashiee Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc., touching at Roanoke Island Tuesday and Saturdays. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, touching at Roanoke Island Tuesdays.

The Steamer Newbern leaves Elizabeth City Mondays at noon and Wednesday at 6:00 P. M., or Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Landing, Oriental and Newbern.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street, ELIZ. CITY. NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS

DEALER IN



COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H. Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,



BOOT & SHOEMAKER-

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly, ABNEY, CARR & Co

For sale and guaranteed by all druggist.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

READING.

A prominent public man, in a recent magazine article, maintains that accumulated wealth yields a welcome residuum of leisure by increasing the wages for fewer hours of work, thereby giving a needed opportunity to the poorest in a community to acquire and indulge the habit of reading books and newspapers, and thus improving their tastes and elevating their habits. It would be altogether true if the books and newspapers read were of an improving and elevating character. But so long as the larger part of the reading furnished for untrained readers appeals to the lower rather than the higher nature, and stimulates the sense more than the mental and moral faculties, the advantage of leisure for reading is not to be reckoned as great in fact as in theory

Mere reading, without special regard to what its direction is, can be called only a time-killing expedient. Public addresses and discussions, if intelligently planned and rationally conducted would be better food for vagrant-mindedness than reading horror-records in the alarm-laden papers or cheap fiction that drips gore and oozes offensive grease from every line. A habit of healthy reading is of all things a desideratum in a community. But reading for excitement, to kill time that hangs heavy on the hands, or for the sake of reading only, is but a poor boon for wealth to bestow on those whom it presents with leisure without directions for its disposal.

GOING IN DEBT.

Every farmer who goes into debt, or mortgages his farm, should keep in view the fact that sooner or later a time will arrive when that debt must be paid. If capital is needed to operate the farm the amount borrowed should be as small as possible, and the ability to cancel the obligation in the future should be carefully considered. If a farmer will, or must go in debt the safest method will be to invest in manure or fertilizers, as the crops will thereby be increased and the farm become more valuable.

IN COLORADA.

Prosperity is hitting Colorado, too. All her products except silver are advancing in price, and her gold mines are yielding stores of wealth beyond the dreams of avarice. Three times as much gold is flowing into the Denver mints these days as went there a year ago, and the stream is growing larger and larger. If Teller had got a premonition of this state of things early in June, 1896, the dramatic "walk-out" in the St. Louis Convention never would have taken place.

JUDGE PURNELL'S ORDER.

Judge Purnell has issued an order that United States Commissioners take no sureties on appearance bonds except such as can and do justify in writing, and that in all criminal cases defendants shall be bound to District and not Circuit Court, except where the cases come under section 5412 of the Revised Statutes.

The mills have started to manufacture for an improved market, and are calling back all their employees that were thrown out of work by the long period of Tariff tinkering. When the great mass of manufacturing labor is idle there is necessarily a decrease in the demand for manufactures because the idle hands are earning nothing and can spend nothing.

Lawlessness breeds lawlessness as fles breeds flies. Wherever the representatives of duly constituted authority fail in theiy duty to society, no matter what the cause of such failure, whether it be neglect or inability to cope with a particular problem, revolutionary results are certain in time to follow.

Nine years ago the world's production of cane sugar was larger than that of beet sugar, but for 1897 the estimate is 4,773,000 tons of beet sugar and 2,432,000 tons of cane sugar. It will pay the people of the United States to secure their share of this great industry.

A year ago Mr. Cleveland and his Secretary of the Treasury were at their wits' end trying to save the gold in the Treasury vaults. Now the Government is saying to offered deposites of gold: "No, thank you." Only a fool could fail to see the difference.

There is no better indication of business conditions than postoffice receipts, and they are increasing all over the country.

The Dingley Tariff law is sure to be a revenue getter when it has a fair chance

Ex-Judge Geo. V. Srong died at Raleigh on Sunday morning.

BUYING AND SELLING.

The advance statement has been received of our imports and exports during August, the first complete month under the Dingley Protective Tariff. The figures are as follows:

Domestic exports	$79,497,820
Imports	$39,876,640
Excess of exports	$39 621,180

In this one month we sold nearly $40,000,000 worth more of American goods than we bought of foreign goods. While the "Chinese wall" of Protection resulted in our importing $10,000,000 less of foreign goods than in August, 1896, it had no effect whatever in preventing our goods from getting out into the foreign markets. The result of our August trade proves, moreover, that the old Free Trade three, "that if we do not buy we cannot sell," is a falsehood pure and simple.

Preaching national discouragement at $500 a speech looks like a practical joke both on the side of the speaker and on the people who pay to hear him.

The four adjacent Statas of Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska have raised over 950,000,000 bushels of corn this year.

The Albemarle Fire Company—Election of Officers Etc.

The meeting of the Albemarle Fire Company, which convened at 7:30 o'clock, p.m , October 4, 1897, marked the close of the fiscal year of the Company, and much important business was transacted, paramount among which was the election of officers for the ensuing year.

The Secretary's report showed that 34 alarms had been sounded during the year, to all of which prompt response was given. The quickest time made was a quarter mile run at 4 o'clock in the morning and two streams on in six minutes. The slowest time made was water on in 18 minutes and then a half mile run was made. Out of a membership of 35 we have had an average attendance at fires of 27 and at meetings 28. This, according to our Foreman's statement, and he has been a member of the Company five years, is the best all-round year's work the Company has ever accomplished.

By election and re-election the officers for the ensuing years are as follows: For Foreman, A. K. Kramer was unanimously re-elected; J. W. Richardson, Assistant Foreman; W. B. Goodwin, Secretary; I. Salomonsky, Treasurer; H. W. Sanders, 1st Engineer; Peter Spires, 2d Engineer; Brad Sanders, 1st Fireman; Luther Straughan, 2d Fireman; Miles Jennings, Captain of Hose; A. C. Stokes, 1st Driver Engine; John West 2d Driver Engine; George Madrin, 1st Driver Hose; T. A. Commander, 2d Driver Hose; I. Salomonsky, 1st Pipeman; Dave Whitehurst, 2d Pipeman; W. Benj Goodwin, 3d Pipeman; C. W. Modlin, 4th Pipeman. James Shephard was appointed messenger for the Foreman and Luther Mann to assist. T. A. Commander was appointed to ring bell for the meetings.

With this array of officers and our past record to back us, the citizens of Elizabeth City may rest assured that it needs only the alarm to call the Albemarle Fire Company to their immediate aid.

W. BENJ. GOODWIN, Sect'y.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct. 8, 1897.

There was an unusual number of Republican Senators and Representatives in Washington this week, and as there was an unusual number of appointments made by the President the reason for their presence was not difficult to guess. The appointments made covered about all branches of the government service, from foreign ministers to the lowest grade employees in the Congressional Library. All of the latter have now been appointed.

There is such a general misunderstanding as to the relations of this administration with the coming sale, under foreclosure, of the Union Pacific Railroad, that Attorney General McKenna this week gave out a statement on the subject. He said in substance that the government had not entered into any agreement or understanding with the Reorganization Committee, or any one else by which they are to have the road for $45,000,000 or any other sum; that the property would be sold under foreclosure proceedings to the highest bidder and that the only connection the government has or has had with the Reorganization Committee was that the latter guaranteed that if the government would join in the foreclosure proceedings the committee would see that a bid of not less than $45,000,000 would be made for the government's equities. Under that pledge, the good faith of which was secured by a deposit of $5,000,000, the government, under the Cleveland administration, joined in the suit which resulted in an order by the court for the public sale of the property on November 1. Attorney General McKonna hopes to see some competion in the bidding for the U. P., as there have been numerous enquiries from capitalists, some from Europe.

Secretary Long thinks the U. S. government should be entirely independent of the gunpowder trust, and as a first step towards that object will recommend in his annual report that Congress authorize ehe purchase of machinery and the erection of buildings for the manufacture of gunpowder by the Navy Department; $75,000 is estimated as sufficient for the purpose.

There are reasons for the belief that the board of Naval officers who are investigating as to the best location for a government armor-making plant will recommend that the plant be located in the South, probablo either in Tennessee or in Alabama. Of course, nobody knows what Congress will do with the recommendation.

Comptroller Eckels, who has just returned from an extended tour of the West, said of his trip: "I visited Montana, Colorado, Utah and Nebraska; and there is no doubt that the conditions of all classes of people in those States has materially improved. The improvement has come rapidly and permeates all lines of industry. It began with the agricultural class. The farmers have large crops and are getting good prices for them. The cattle raisers are benefited by a substantial increase in the price of cattle, and the same is true with the sheep raisers. The improvement in agricultural interests has had its effect upon the railroads by increasing their earnings. It has put money in circulation and has enabled people to discharge their debts, and thereby benefits the merchants. In Colorado there are actually more men at work in the mines than ever before in the history of the State, notwithstanding the enforced closing of many silver mines. The gold mining region of Cripple Creek I believe to be the richest section upon the globe.

THE QUEST.

Upon my lips there fell when first the night
Pales in the highest heaven, seeing day
Far down the fathomless eastern depths away—
Pales with a fearful joy, a dread delight—
Upon my lips, with wakeful watching white
There fell a kiss. One instant's space it lay
Soft as a roseleaf that the west winds fray,
And then my eyes awoke to dazzled sight.

The warmth, the tender impact and the thrill
Burnt on my lips, and the calm pulse of sleep
Awoke and quivered quick in soft surprise.
From that day forward knew I love!
And still
By day I search and nightly vigil keep
For her revealed to me in such strange wise.

—The Late H. C. Bunner in Scribner's.

THE BOER AT HOME.

He Does Not Hate All Englishmen, Only Some of Them.

Bryant Lindley met a Boer and asked the way. He received a surly answer which amounted to "Go to the devil!" Upon this he protested angrily, and the Boer rejoined in equal bad humor. At length the Boer shouted, "What's your name anyway?" and when he heard it his manner altered at once, and he exclaimed, "What, and are you the son of the great American missionary Daniel Lindley?" My friend gladly pleaded guilty to this charge, and the surly Boer became at once the most hospitable friend and begged forgiveness for his rudeness. As they rode together toward the road which my friend was seeking the Boer recounted with grateful satisfaction the many good deeds performed by the elder Lindley, but of them all the best to him was that represented by a sound thrashing he had once received at the hands of this venerable missionary. For it appeared that this particular Boer in his youth had been sent to a school taught by Lindley; that the Dutchman was noted for his size and strength and had bragged of his capacity to down the teacher, and had actually sought the opportunity by refusing obedience. But he soon learned that he had made a gross mistake, for this particular missionary was also a noted athlete and gave him such a hiding with a bullock whip that the young giant roared for mercy before the whole school. And for this and similar deeds the Boers loved the elder Lindley, and this particular Boer venerated his memory.

On the evening in question, when the two men were about to part, the Boer, who had been so uncivil at first, begged Lindley, with tears in his eyes, to grant him a great favor for the sake of his conscience. "Your father," said he, "did me a service so great that I can never repay it—he gave me the worst thrashing I ever had—he saved my character, and I am a better man today, thanks to him."

My friend cheerfully promised to grant the request, puzzling his head as to what was going to be required of him. The Boer was mounted upon an excellent horse, which he prized beyond anything he owned. He dismounted, put the reins in Lindley's hand and then ran away into the black forest as though the devil were after him. Here was no Indian giving. This Boer had put it out of the power of the American to discover the name or whereabouts of the strange giver.

It is a story typical of the Boer and serves to illustrate many apparent contradictions in his nature. He does not hate Englishmen in general. He hates only those who seem to threaten his peculiar quality of independence.—"The Dutch Feeling Toward England," by Poultney Bigelow, in Harper's Magazine.

Youth's Cruelty.

We have the phrase as "tender hearted as a child," but in reality nothing is so hard and cruel as youth. Its judgments are inexorable. It confounds the sinner and the sin. It is impatient and implacable. Only after one has lived and suffered and has known the temptations and trials of life does one learn to deal gently with the weaknesses and faults of his brother man and to throw about the world the tender and enveloping mantle of charity and sympathy.

Surely this broader comprehension and sympathy is some compensation for growing old. To it may be added the fact not always appreciated—that as one grows older one enjoys with a cultivated sense many things of which youth is profoundly ignorant.

The young devour all pleasure with the indiscriminating appetite of the farm laborer. The older person chooses warily, as an epicure selects among the dishes of a feast. Perhaps the panorama of life is not less beautiful to the old than the young.

Only the picture is changed. It is no longer a gaudy chromo, but an etching. —Philadelphia Times.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A REMARKABLE CLUBBING OFFER

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

By special arrangement with the publishers we will accept subscriptions for the NORTH CAROLINIAN and LESLIE'S ILLUSTATED WEEKLY for one year for $3.



When you cousider that the regular price of Leslie's Weekly alone is $4 a year, you can readily see what a splendid offer we are making.

Leslie's Weekly is the oldest and best established of the great illustrated New York journals. It is the most popular and the most enterprising; its illustrations are all of the highest order and are superbly printed. There is no important event happening, either at home or abroad, but that a Leslie representative is on hand to chronicle with pen and pencil. Subscribe now both for yourself and for some friend's Christmas Gift.

Remit $3 to this office and you will receive both papers for one year, the subscription to start from date Address: NORTH CAROLINIAN, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE OF TWO WAYS.

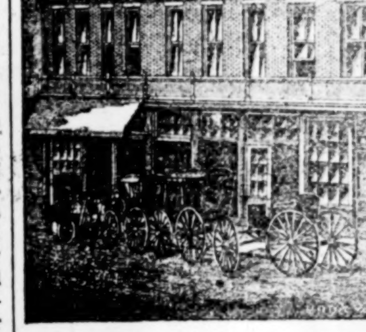
The bladder was created for one purpose, namely, a receptacle for the urine, and as such it is not liable to any form of disease except by one of two ways. The first way is from imperfect action of the kidneys. The second is from careless local treatment of other diseases.

CHIEF CAUSE.

Unhealthy urine from unhealthy kidneys is the chief cause of bladder troubles. So the womb, like the bladder, was created for one purpose, and if not doctored too much is not liable to weakness or disease, except in rare cases. It is situated back of and very close to the bladder, any pain, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort. The error is easily made and may as easily be avoided. To find out correctly, set your urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates kidney trouble. The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. If you need a medicine you should have the best. At druggists fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet; both sent free by mail. Mention this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.

It is estimated that the Southern cities which have been invaded or threatened by yellow fever will lose fully $35,00,900 in trade as a consequence. If there is any lesson to be drawn from this it is that it is cheaper to prevent than it is to cure pestilence, and that money spent in maintaining quarantine safeguards is a wise investment.

FOR SALE!



This Modern-made Brick Building, three stories high, 59 feet front, located directly in Mercantile Business of Elizabeth City, N. C., can be bought cheap for cash. Call on or write to J. F. Sanders, Elizabeth City, N. C. P. O. Box 96.

Keep Your

EYE

On this Space

Until next Issue

AND

BIG IKE

will tell you something.

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS.

I HAVE in hand for sale the following lots of land in Elizabeth City, to-wit:

20 lots on the south side of Burgess street.

1 lot corner Road and Burgess St.

2 lots west side of Road near Burgess street.

The Lawrence lot, improved, at the N. W. corner of Front and Lawrence streets, about 260 feet square. Reasonable terms, Oct. 1867.

FRANK VAUGHAN.

NOTICE!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of Pasquotank County held as the Court House in said County on Tuesday, October 19th, 1897, for the transaction of important business. The said meeting having beeu called at the written request of a member of said Board as prescribed by law. By order of the Chairman.

M. B. CULPEPPER, Clerk of said Board.

Oct. 11, 1897.

The Old Sandbox.

"Blotting paper," said a man of mature years, "has been commonly used for only about 40 years. Before that we used sand, which was poured from a sand box out upon the paper. Enough of it adhered to the wet ink to keep it from blotting. The rest was poured back into the box. I think I liked the old sand box better than I do the modern blotting paper. Sometimes when you opened a letter you would find sand in the envelope, which had rubbed off the letter in transit. But that didn't do any hurt, and the letter itself was more sightly to look at than the letter of today. It did not shade off pale, where fresh ink had been taken from the lines bodily by the blotter—it was uniform in color. And the lines, fine and coarse, were just as the writer made them—not blended or blurred or softened or spread out, more nearly uniform. They were clear and precise and characteristic of the writer.

"I liked the old sand box, but of course we couldn't use it now; we're too busy."—New York Sun.

Wonderful Forethought.

The habit of companies which insure against accidents to compel their patrons to resort to the courts to recover in case of injury was the occasion of this singular thoughtfulness, told by the president of a large accident company:

"Some time ago," he said, "a large policy holder in my company was run over by a Brooklyn trolley car and his right leg painfully crushed. He remained conscious after the shock for three minutes, during which time he pulled out his watch and called the attention of the crowd to the fact that it was just 15 minutes of 12. His policy expired at noon, and his foresight was rewarded by the immediate payment of his weekly indemnity without controversy or litigation."—Youth's Companion.

Peter and Paul.

"Robbing Peter to pay Paul" is said to have originated in an act of the government of England in 1550. At that time the cathedral of St. Paul in London being out of repair and no funds available, a portion of the income of Westminster, which was consecrated to St. Peter, was diverted to the repair of St. Paul's.

Stands at the Head

Aug. J. Bogle, the leading druggist of Shreeveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Arizona, writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails and is a sure cure for Consumption. Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free bottles at Alex Wadsworth's Drug store.

In the Wake county chain-gang there are now forty-two men. Last Sunday the request was made that all who had been accustomed to gamble stand up. Thirty-eight stood up. Forty said they were habitual users of liquor.

CURES.... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE ATLANTA CHEMICAL CO., ATLANTA GEORGIA.

Write for 48-page Book, Mailed Free.

Use GERMETUER PILLS and GERMETUER COUGH SYRUP.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.

Charles Levis and wife, Anna A. Alfred T. Conrow, the two latter being the heirs at law distributees of Thornton Conrow, deceased, and S. Morris Wain admist'r of Thornton Conrow, plaintiffs.

vs.

The heirs at law and next of kin of Frederick Paxson, deceased, late of Pennsylvania, whose names are unknown, Mrs. Louisa Bush, widow of D. G. Bush, deceased, Geo. T. Bush, one of the heirs at law and distributees of said D. G. Bush and all other heirs at law, if if there be any, of said D. G. Bush, defendants.

THIS is a special proceeding before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County to have a trustee appointed in the place of Fredrick Paxson, who was trustee in a certain deed of trust executed by the Land & Lumber Company, wherein that certain tract of land in Pasquotank county, containing 2700 acres, more or less, and known as the Parkville or Proctor tract, was conveyed in trust to secure a debt of Thirty-five Thousand Dollars which said debt was assigned to D. G. Bush and Thornton Conrow, and which has not been paid. The defendants will take notice that they appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court at Elizabeth City on Wednesday, November 10th, 1897, and answer the complaint now filed in the office of said clerk or the relief prayed for will be granted.

J. P. OVERMAN, Clerk.

I. C. MEEKINS, Attorney.

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as Administratrix of the late C. C. Pool, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

LIZZIE C. POOL, Administratrix.

Aug. 18th, 1897.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC — CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE — CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE — CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT — CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

BOON FOR MOTHERS — CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet taken by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN — CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED — CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS — CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO; MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 233

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.



HO! For Klondyke

No occasion for excitement, just gone to buy Fall Goods.



J. A. HOOPER & CO.,

Water Street, Near Arlington Hotel.

THE EDISON,



AN ELECTROCURE.

AGENTS WANTED BOTH SEX.

Goods sent to reliable persons to be paid for after selling. Agents sell from 1 to 25 a day. It generates from 1 to 8 volts electricity, and has two powerful Magnetic Batteries that will turn the Compass needle through a two inch plank. Cures Rheumatism, Weak Back, Kidney Disease, Female Troubles, Loss Manhood, and all diseases arising from a lack of nerve force. FOR ADVERTISING PURPOSES, we will give one BELT FREE of any cost to one person in each locality.

Address TAYLOR & SMITH E. A. Co., Department B Vineland, New Jersey.

"Nothing else like it:"

The most refreshing and pleasant Soap for the skin.



It lasts twice as long as others.

A trial will convince you of its great merit. Will please the most fastidious.

CHARLES F. MILLER, Mfr. of FRENCH MILLED TOILET SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, Lancaster, Penn.

ESTABLISHED, 1849.

Atlantic COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

A SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES

Prepares for College, Business Life and U. S. Military and Naval Academies.

Full Faculty of Eight Teachers. Fine Music Department.

Special Teacher of Stenography and Typewriting.

Expenses of tuition very low. Board and Full tuition costs from $120 to $130 per school year.

This school is endorsed by the best Educators in the State.

Write for Catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, President.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Administration Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late John L. Simons, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This 6th of August 1897.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS, Administrator

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer



In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission



FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET.

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

Reference:—Gairkin & Co., Bankers Elizabeth City, N. C, and other Financial houses when desired

Caleb Haley & Co,

COMMISSION DEALERS

—In all kinds of—

FRESH FISH,



14 FULTON FISH STREET,

New York.

Special attention given to the sale of NORTH CAROLINA SHAD.

Stationary and Stencils, with shipping mark, forwarded upon application.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules [illegible] constipation.

Ripans Tabules cure [illegible]

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

Ripans Tabules cure billousness.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.

Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Bicycles!
Bicycles!!
Bicycles!!!



All Kinds of Bicycles.

You need a Bicycle.

We have a Bicycle to SELL you.

HATHAWAY BROS.

Reliable Jewelers.

North Carolina

Iron Works

AND

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machinery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles A. Banks; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Guirkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer; Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John, Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist, J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor. Methodist Episcopal Whedbee Build'g: Preaching ... and 7.30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. S. Crowder, pastor.

... Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, ... every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, ... pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman ... Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic—Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'ty; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows—Achoree Lodge No. 14; C. W. ..., N. G.; W. H. Ballard, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ty; M. Wescott, Treasurer.

... Encampment No. 8; C. M. Burgess, C. P.; M. Wescott, H. P.; W. A. Jones, S. W.; F. ..., J. W.; H. O. Hill; Secretary: G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1269; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; ... Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Eagle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; J. P. Simpson, ...; W. S. Sanford, Sr. Sagamore; Will Anderson, Jr. Sagamore; C. W. Balanga, Prophet; James Spires, C of R.; S. H. Marrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper, Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor I. M. Meekins; Board of Education: John D. Fulmer, Newton E. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal. Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest. Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal. State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., Offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS,

Attorney-at-Law. ***

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made.

The Albemarle House

MRS. M. R. FLETCHER, Prop.

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention, Electric Bells and Lights. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, October 13, 1897.

Rain at last.

The Fair next week.

Federal Court here next Tuesday

The crops have stood the drouth remarkably well

"Snap Shots" from Dare—see another column—are welcomed.

See notice calling a special meeting of the Commissioners on the 19th inst.

Mrs Melvina P. Scarborough has been appointed postmaster at Avon, in Dare county.

The Fair Managers have secured special reduced rates on the railroad and steamboats.

On the 6th inst Mr L. L. Hayman and Miss Jennie Bailey, both of Elizabeth City, were married at the Methodist Church in Edenton.

There appears to be a misapprehension in regard to the Pigeon ordinance. The "shooting" is only permitted by persons "annoyed by them *on their premises.*"

Miss Elizabeth Majette of Como, Hertford county, has been employed to take charge of the school at Nixonton. She is a graduate of the Moravian Academy at Salem.

As the result of the recent protracted Baptist meeting at Corinth Church 14 persons were baptized. It was conducted by Revs. J. B. Ferebee and Josiah Elliott.

The County Commissioners have decided that there is no urgent necessity for a special term of Court here, and hence decline to ask the Governor to order one. We think they acted wisely.

On the 6th inst Mrs. Martha A. Harris, residing near this City, was given a party on the anniversary of her 72nd birthday. There were 8 children and 28 grandchildren present on the occasion.

South Mills is becoming a point of interest. The work on the Canal and the Lock is attracting visitors from here and elsewhere. The reports of the progress of the work continue very favorable.

Mr E. C. Potter, of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, called on Friday. He is advertising the grand Excursion for Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show at Norfolk on Friday of this week. Rates for round trip from Elizabeth City only $1.

A syndicate, composed of four or five persons, have leased the Park track, grounds and buildings and are running this year's Fair, to pocket the surplus profits for their risk. This is all right, and it explains a matter not fully understood.

Our townsman Mr. Thomas B. Hayman is building a Naptha Launch at the wharf of Commander & Son's mill. Its length will be 57 feet, breadth 14 feet, depth 4 feet 6 inches and the speed 10 miles an hour. It is being built for Mrs. Filena M. Banks, of Kitty Hawk.

It is with special pleasure that we announce the fact that our young townsman Anson E. Cohoon, now at the Agricultural & Mechanical College at Raleigh, has been appointed Captain of the Cadets of that Institution. This is a distinguished honor. The CAROLINIAN tenders congratulations.

From an announcement in the claimed to be "organ" of the Fair, there is doubt about that "marriage" taking place. The lady of the party first consented to be exhibited has incontinently "kicked" the would be groom; then a second couple was engaged, but lo! they couldn't waite and have went and got married.

Mr. William Green, a native of Elizabeth City, but who left 26 years ago—three years after our locating and establishing the CAROLINIAN here, is visiting his old home for the first time since leaving. He expresses surprise and gratification at the wonderful changes in the way of improvement and progress the Town has made. His kind references to the CAROLINIAN and its editor as influential factors in this connection are appreciated.

About 2 o'clock on Sunday morning the main building of the County Poor House was destroyed by fire. The Fire Companies were summoned but, the distance being a mile and the fire spread so rapidly, they could not reach there in time to more than save the small buildings. The fire originated in a room in the South end, occupied by Captain Geo McCall, an aged and paryltic inmate, who perished in the flames. The County Commissioners have leased a few houses near by for temporary use until other arrangements can be made. The building had an insurance of $1,500.

See Town lots advertised by Frank Vaughan.

Bargains in Blankets at Fowler Co.'s. See theirs before buying.

Attention is called to our Clubbing offer in another column.

Dress Goods at a price to please all this Fall at Fowler & Co.'s

It is said that Lake Drummond is lower than ever before known.

Sample Carpet Rugs from 5c to 25c at Fowler & Co.'s

The large three-story brick building of J. F. Sanders is for sale. See advertisement.

Carpets and Straw Mattings at bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

When a man sets out to do wrong, the stars join hands against him.

Fowler & Co. struck it right again on Overcoats and Suits. Save money by seeing theirs.

For biltious cholic, soda and ginger in hot water is recommended.

That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is eelling for 79c is a corker.

For cold in the head, try snuffing powdered borax up the nostrils.

When you are in the City have your PICTURE taken at Zoeller's on Water Street.

A good time is never as good as the recollection of it.

A truly elegant taste is generally accompanied by excellency of heart

Shoes! Shoes and Boots. Fowler & Co. bought before the advance and will give you the benefit

Every cloud has a silver lining; but it won't be worth talking about if silver goes much lower.

Gum Boots, Oil Clothing, and Twines and Nets, at wholesale at Fowler & Co.

When a smart man comes out of the little end of the horn he turns around and blows it.

Thirteen is always unlucky for some one when it consists of a Judge and twelve jurymen.

Zoeller's Crayon Work in Frame for $2.90, is the Town talk.

A jealous person is always in love, but it's usually more self-love than anything else.

The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

We learn that the Fishermen of Dare are making special preparations for the catch of blue fish.

Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

Judge George H. Brown has been appointed to hold a special term of Bertie Court on December 13.

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

If a man's mind is a blank during sleep it must be difficult for some men to tell when they are awake.

How are you off for Blankets. We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

The man who lives in vain, lives worse than in vain. He who lives to no purpose, lives to a bad purpose.

Commence sheltering the stock at night and feeding a light ration of dry feed in good season.

The world has had its troubles, but it has never been without consolation of believing that it was entering upon a new era.

The following is the new reading: "Train up a child in the way it should go, and when it becomes old it will do as it pleases"

A wise man doesn't like to adithmtat he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

It was a learned Judge who once divivided lies into three kinds: Lies, infernal lies and expert testimony.

NIGHT SCHOOL!—The undersigned, a graduate of the Norfolk Business College, will open a Night School at the Atlantic Collegiate Institute Oct. 4, at 8 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of giving Instruction in Book-Keeping, Shorthand and Typewriting. Lessons will be given three nights per week. Rates: Shorthand and Typewriting, $2 per month; Book-Keeping, $1.50 per month. Miss Carrie B. Cartwright.

"He that courts and runs away, will live to court another day," said a young man. "But he that courts and does not wed, will find himself in Court instead," replied a young lady.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said a lawyer, "there were thirty-six hogs. Please remember the fact—just three times as many as in the jury box, gentlemen."

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:55 and will set to-night at 5:28.—Street Superintendent Berry is now having needed repairs made on the south sidewalk on Church street.—Miss Sallie Scott and little brother have returned from a pleasant visit to Washington City.—In everything appropriateness is conducive to the best results.—The family of Mr. C. H. Robinson, who have been off on a several months' visit, have returned.—Mr. Geo. C. Sanborn, of Snowden, called on Thursday and paid his respects.—Mrs. T. H. Briggs, of Raleigh, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. F. Aydlett, on Main street.—"What is telegraphy without wires?" a verdant young man asked. "Well, when I was young they called it 'making eyes at the girls,'" an elderly gentleman replied.—

"Love is a rose" the poets sings—
Not so, oh bard, for in an hour,
A rose may fade; while true love clings
More like an artificial flower.

—The family of Mr. J. W. Walker have moved from their store on Water street to one on North Poindexter street.—Thursday being Jewish holiday, the stores of our Hebrews were closed.—Our young townsman James Hill, has accepted a position with Lieut. J. C. Cantwell on the government boat.—Miss Angel, of Newbern, is visiting her friend Miss Kate Davis on Pennsylvania Avenue.—To the remark that "the proof of a pudding is the eating," a citizen observed that it struck him that the "proof is in the grocer's itemized bill of the ingredients.—Mrs. S. E. Speight gave a reception at her new home on Fearing street on Thursday night. It was an enjoyable occasion.—The harvest of the Ice man is over and that of the Coal man is beginning.—The following is a proverb revised:

Proverbial philosophy is Fate's
Ever healing ointment.
For instance: "All things come to him
who waits,"
Even disappointment!

—Mr. N. R. Zimmerman has returned srom a trip to Pennsylvania and other points North. He called the other day and gaxe us an account of his visit to the home of his boyhood and young manhood years and of the meeting with and cordial greetings from old friends and acquaintances.—We are glad to learn that the attendance at the Atlantic Collegiate Institute is larger than ever before. It is one of the leading educational institutions of the State.—"I have a half a mind to get married," said the Lonely Man. "It takes," replied the Crusty Batchelor, "just about that amount of mind to think of such a thing."—Mr. Geo. W. Brothers has moved his store from corner of Main and Poindexter street to Water street.—The Band of the Fire Company will accept our thanks for that serenade on Thursday night. The music was splendid. By the way the Band has been employed to play at the Fair.—There is a youngster in the First Ward who knows how to beat round the bush. Said he to the young man who was waiting in the parlor for his sister, "No, I ain't the kind of a little boy your'e always reading about that begs candy from the fellers that comes to see their sisters. Still, if your'e got any in your pockets I'd be willing to take it."—The Rhymster thinks:

The troubles of a single man
Are less, it may be true,
But then he hasn't any one
That he can tell them to.

—We have had several calls from our esteemed and genial townsman and friend T. T. Whitcomb, who is still undergoing treatment for cancer, and he expresses confidence that it will prove successful. He is bearing his affliction with heroic fortitude.—It is stated that the membership of the Baptist Church here is over 600.—Traveling men tell us that next to Wilmington and Charlotte, Elizabeth City buys more goods and does more business than any other town in the State.—Saith the Poet:

When you see a sky of blue,
Think that sky was made for you!
When the breeze bends down the trees
You must think that that's your breeze.
Every blessed drop of dew,
Falls upon a rose for you.

—Does a "developing" business, the Photographer.—The Cotton Gin is kept busy now.—Pay your taxes.—The record made by the Fire Company, see another column, during the past year is a splendid one. It is well officered, and its membership is composed of good young men, and, it goes without saying, we are proud of them.—"Big Ike" announces that he will have something to tell our readers in our next issue.—Rev. U. S. Crowder, of Ocracoke, called on Saturday. He preached Sunday morning and evening at the old hall in the Whedbee building.—It has been decided to have the names of all the streets placed at the corners, and to have the number of each house placed over the door.—Louis Selig is off after his holiday stock.—Dr. John B. Griggs and Mr. John B. Brockett left on Saturday on a trip to New York.—Mr. L. A. Jordan, of Shiloh, and Mr. J. B. Burgess, of Old Trapp, called on Monday and paid their respects.—Cards are out announcing the marriage of a former young townsman Mr. John H. Burgess jr. to Miss Julia Power, of Baltimore, on the 20th inst.—This is the Versifier's latest:

Yes, indeed, satisfaction
Is that feeling that we feel
When we smash a rude mosquito
That has pestered us with zeal.

—A couple of second hand Sitting Room Stoves for sale, very cheap. Inquire at the CAROLINIAN Office.—Ability is the poor man's wealth.—The Fire Commissioner has been directed to examine and report all dilapidated unoccupied buildings within the Corporation limits that are fire-traps and dangerous, with a view of having them torn down.—Rev. L. L. Williams is off on a trip to New York—Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Bell, of Baltimore, are visiting the family of Mr J H Burgess, on Fearing Street—Mrs. James H. F. Walker, of Norfolk, is visiting Mrs. Fletcher at the Albemarle House.—The subsciptions to the CAROLINIAN continue on the increase.—The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society will open this season with a Social at the home of Rev. P. W. Melick, on Friday night. The program will give pleasure to all. Everybody invited.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

Snap Shots from Dare County.

Everything indicates a late beginnig for Fall fishing.

Additional work for the next census taker on Roanoke Island. Our little men and "new women" are numerous over here.

The frame work of the new Life Saving Station at Oregon Inlet is completed and work on the building is progressing.

I hear that the new Light Ship on Diamond Shoals behaved nicely in the late gale. ANON.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suitefor any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison Headache, Indigestion, Constipation Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1 per bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

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The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C

2 LARGE STORES

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UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT.

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Rev. J. A. Faulk, of Hertford, made a brief visit to our town last week.

Miss L. E. Pettigrew, of Edenton, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. J. R. Brown.

The revival at Olive Branch continues with increasing interest.

Mr. George Spellman has a neat new dwelling nearly completed on Spellman street in the Third Ward.

Mr. Scott Rooks, formerly of this place but now a resident of Greensboro, was in the city last week.

Miss Fagans, of Plymouth, is visiting Mrs. Josephene Fagans near the city limits.

Bills are out announcing a Disciples' Convention to be held here on the 19th.

Prof. W. T. Askew, of Harrellsville, has succeeded Rev. A. S. Dunstan as Principal of the Roanoke Institute.

Mr. E. C. Cooper is having a commodious residence erected on Boston avenue.

Mr. M. B. Marsh, a contractor of Camden, was in town last Thursday attending to business; he went home, was taken ill and died the same night.

The body of Ned Holly, a former resident of this county but who for several years has been in New Jersey, was brought here Monday for burial.

Three of the schools of the city are already open with the fourth to open in short. It is safe to say that this town enjoys educational advantages superior to any other in this part of the State.

The death of Mr. J. W. Lawrence, which occurred last week, removes a well known and useful man from our community. Besides being prominent in church and social circles, for several years he was one of the leading hucksters of the town.

Mr. James Perkins, of Hamilton, is spending a few days in the community looking after some business interests.

Mrs. Eliza Cabarrass and daughter returned home Saturday after spending the summer in Massachusetts.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Elizabeth City, N. C. Organized 1892 with two instructors, twenty-three students representing five counties. Now four instructors, about 400 matriculates representing twenty-five counties. Offers young men and women thorough Academic and Professional education. Practice School for the benefit of students in Senior and Professional classes. (Critic and Instructor Practic School to be elected). Vocal and Instrumental Music. Special attention to general department. TUITION FREE; Board reasonable; correspondence invited. Next school year begins Sept. 10th, with entrance examination. Session will open Sept. 13th, 1897. For Catalogue and information apply to P. W. MOORE, Principal.

W. H. Morris, *Veterinary Surgeon.*

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals. Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE



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Kentucky Dew Whiskey.

STANDARD OF PURITY.

Distilled of carefully selected grain matured in wood, Kentucky Dew is the leader of fine old fashion whiskey, and its mellowness of flavor has no superior. RECOMMENDED BY LEADING PHYSICIANS for the Club and Sick Room. Buy from the Distillery or our Agents at Distillery prices.

4 years old $2.50, 8 years old $3.50, 12 years old $4.50 per gallon. No charge for packing. Send money with order; satisfaction or money refunded,

$5,000 Guarantee as to Purity of Goods.

Old Kentucky Distillery,

205 W. Main St., ...

Try a Jug direct from our Distillery and be Convinced.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
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Anise Seed
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Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF *Chas. H. Fletcher.* IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, ... supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general ... Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable, we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. re offering some Special Bargains in clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Condensed Nutriments In Demand.

All this gold field talk must have one good result that could not be foreseen by plodding multitudes who remain at home, and it is the introduction of condensed nutriments into the great problem of living. Suddenly comes the rush to the Klondike, and with it the necessity for provisions that can be transported thousands of miles. As suddenly comes to the front the dealer in condensed food, and the question then arises, What is the best nutriment to last a man a year and that won't weigh him down in his struggle to reach the new El Dorado? Condensed food has been known to the army for some time, but the ordinary citizen has not taken much heed of the benefits derived from a sort of "dog biscuit" menu suitable in times of war. Now they are brought home to him by his own necessities. But if enough palatable food to last one person a year can be condensed to fill a valise, why shouldn't the modern chemist and manufacturer devise means of treating all edibles in the same fashion? What a blessing for housekeepers in "flats" without closets, and where the refrigerator hobnobs with the gas stove, to find one tiny shelf will hold sufficient stores of tablets to nourish the family six months at the very least! If people must crowd into 8x9 rooms and live all in a muddle, under the impression that a "flat" is convenient, the time is not far off when either they cease to eat or they will eat after the manner of marching armies. Their surroundings are all condensed; why, then, not their food?—Boston Herald.

The Queen's Gold Spoon.

A curious story is told of how one of Queen Victoria's smallest gold spoons was lost and found, says the Lady. A certain dame attended a State ball in a dress the skirt of which was arranged in perpendicular pleats in front, stitched across at intervals, and, unknown to her, a gold teaspoon got lodged at supper in one of these receptacles. Of course, there was one missing after the ball, and it caused great perturbation to the official in charge of the gold plate.

The next spring the lady who had been the innocent cause of the loss went to a drawing-room in the identical dress she had worn at the State ball, and as she bent low before Her Majesty the pleats of her skirt expanded and the gold spoon fell at the Queen's feet.

Longest and Darkest Night.

During Dr. Nansen's Arctic journey his ship, the Fram, remained for five and a half months—from October 1, 1895, until March 24, 1896—out of sight of the sun. "This," Dr. H. R. Mill, the eminent geographer, remarks, "was the longest and darkest night ever experienced by man."

Greater New York's Police.

Greater New York will have a good sized army of peace reservers. The uniformed force will be increased to about 10,000 men, and they will all be clad in blue, with plenty of brass buttons and gold lace. The police surgeons and matrons will have to don the blue.

Speed of a Bee.

An experiment was recently made to see how fast a bee could fly. Its hive was attached to the roof of a train, which attained a speed of thirty miles an hour before the bee was left behind.

Metals Recently Discovered.

Fifty-one metals are now known to exist, thirty of which have been discovered within the present century. Four hundred years ago only seven were known.

Uses His Crown Often.

Though a simple and unaffected monarch, King Oscar of Sweden is the sovereign who makes use of his crown most frequently.

Value of a Farthing.

It takes four farthings to make a penny, but the intrinsic value of the penny is less than that of the farthing.

More and Greater

Are the cures produced by Hood's Sarsaparilla than by any other medicine. If you are suffering with scrofula, salt rheum, hip disease, running sores, boils, pimples, dyspepsia, loss of appetite or that tired feeling, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. You may confidently expect a prompt and permanent cure. Its unequaled record is due to its positive merit. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

DRUNKARDS can be saved without their knowledge by Anti-Jag, the marvelous cure for the drink habit. Write Renova Chemical Co., 66 Broadway, N. Y. Full information (in plain wrapper) mailed free

How to Sell Mss. Writers who wish to see their manuscripts in print should send to the U. S. Authors' Exchange, 165 Broadway, N. Y., for circular which sets forth means of making copy which publishers will buy. Instruction to young writers. Composition, punctuation, etc., taught.

REWARD.

A friend of mine had the misfortune to lose several of his Pigeons and asked me to advertise for their return. Each bird had a metal band on leg marked as follows: L5073 S1742, S8771, C17531, C17522, C17523, C24344 C24353, C1240, F1176, F5287, F5298, F5299, F6842, F36828, K4852. Pigeon fanciers, kindly look through your lofts for above birds. A liberal reward for each bird returned. J. FREUND, 64 Morton Street, New York.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. NYNU—40.

INVENTORS! Don't waste money on Patent Agencies advertising "No patent no pay," Prizes, medals, great riches, etc. We do a regular patent business. Low fees. Advice free. Highest references. Write us. WATSON E. COLEMAN, Solicitor of patents, 902 F. Street, Washington, D. C.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

ROOFING Use our Metal Shingles, Fire-Proof, Durable. Catalogue Free MONTROSS & Co., Camden, N. J.

Ayer's

is the name to remember when buying Sarsaparilla. It has been curing people right along for more than 50 years. That's why.

Some Curious Watches.

With all our modern improvements we rarely hear nowadays of watches so fancifully complex as used to be made for great folks in the times when all watches were expensive and comparatively novel. King George III., in the year 1760, received a present of a watch that was a kind of mechanical almanac; it pointed out the date and also had a device to show the varying lengths of the days, according to the season. It was not bigger than other watches of the time, but then they were all what we should call turnips now. The Emperor Napoleon I. had a watch which wound itself by means of a weighted lever, which, at every step His Majesty took, rose and fell, and having a gathering click to it wound up a racket attached to the barrel. Pedometers were afterwards made on the same principle. The Duke of Wellington had a watch which was given to him by the King of Spain, from which the time could be told by the touch, the hours being marked by studs. In the back of the case was placed an index which, when moved forward, would stop at the portion of the hour indicated by the watch, and then by means of the studs the time could be approximately computed in the dark. Catharine of Russia had a watch constructed by an ingenious peasant which played a chant, and had within it tiny mechanical figures which, moving about, were supposed to represent the scene of the resurrection of the Saviour; the chant was then heard all over Russia at Eastertime. But this watch was bigger than a hen's egg.

Sparrows Kill a Pigeon

This story deals with the sagacity and pugnacity of the English sparrow, and also shows how curiosity may get an innocent creature into trouble. The Riddle mansion, which stands in Glen Riddle, Delaware County, has for some time been the nesting place of several families of sparrows, and the birds had become a regular pest. One day last week Miss Riddle decided to get rid of the birds, and, mounting a ladder, she tore out at least a dozen nests from the eaves of the porch. The old birds, returning later and finding their homes wrecked, held a noisy meeting on the roof and then dispersed.

A stray pigeon that had been roosting around the place for several days came back late in the afternoon and flew under the porch eaves as usual. The pigeon evidently noticed something wrong, for several times he flew from the porch to where the dismantled nests lay. This caused trouble, for the angry sparrows noticed it, and suspected the pigeon of being the cause of their despair. The first thing the unlucky pigeon knew he was attacked by at least twenty screaming sparrows, who began pecking at him, and despite a brave resistance the sparrows came off victorious and left a mangled corpse on the field.—Philadelphia Record.

A Beneficent Gad Fly.

It appears that the fighting of imported insect pests by introducing beneficial species to prey on them has nowhere given such extraordinary results as in the Hawaiian islands. Mr. C. L. L. Perkins, of Honolulu, states that the greatest injury was formerly done by the scale insects, but these have become comparatively scarce since the introduction—in 1890—of an Australian lady bird, which at once increased prodigiously and then decreased as its prey lessened. Another introduced lady bird has arrested the destruction of sugar cane and fruit trees by aphilles. Caterpillars that have done great damage to banana and palm trees are being attacked by a gad fly from China and Japan, with the prospect that the plague will soon be overcome. A Japanese beetle, which has destroyed nearly all the rose trees since its appearance a few years ago, is being infected with a deadly parasitic fungus. These are a few of the friends whose aid is being sought, but, while the result is proving an economic success, the fact is deplored that the native insect fauna is likely to disappear.

Elephants With Toothache.

It is not easy to tell when an elephant has got the toothache, but it is best to keep out of his way when you know it. A London surgeon, who has been for many years in India, says he would sooner risk a railroad accident than meet an elephant with the toothache.

It appears that toothache affects an elephant in a more severe manner than it does any other animal. Elephants have very sensitive nerves, and a touch of toothache often brings on madness.

Providing you are able to chain down an elephant and draw the offending tooth, the brute is certain to be affectionate to you afterward. Here is an instance. An elephant in Bengal, India, became affected with the toothache, but the keepers managed to secure it while a dentist drew a decayed tooth—the cause of the trouble. After a time the elephant seemed to understand that the dentist was trying to do something for his pain, and he gave every evidence of appreciating the attention. When the operation was over he frisked around the dentist like a young lamb.—London Times.

Cost of Street Lighting.

Street lighting costs $2,800,000 in London, $8,750,000 in Paris, and $2,000,000 in New York. London has 75,000,000 street lamps, Paris 50,000, and New York 28,000, exclusive of electric lights.

"What's the meaning of the sudden change in Bustid? He seems to be living now in a blaze of splendor. What has he struck?" "A match with an heiress."—Puck.

NO SEALING CONFERENCE

Great Britain Refuses to Take Part in the Proposed Convention.

CANADA'S OBJECTION THE CAUSE.

She Is Willing to Confer With the United States Alone, But Not With Russia and Japan Included—The Decision Due to the Insistance of the Officials of the Government of Canada.

London, England (By Cable).—The officials of the British Foreign Office have communicated to Ambassador Hay the final decision that Great Britain must refuse to take part in any sealing conference with representatives of Russia and Japan. The British Government, however, asserts its willingness to confer with the United States alone, but it insists that Russia and Japan are not interested in the Bering Sea seals to a degree entitling them to representation at a conference. The British Government does not suggest any date for a conference with the United States, and it is thought probable in London that Great Britain's withdrawal will result in two meetings, one between the United States, Russia and Japan, and the other between the United States, Great Britain and Canada.

The withdrawal of Great Britain from the Washington conference is due to Canada's insistance, and until the Canadian officials informed the Foreign Office here of Canada's objections to meeting Russia and Japan, out of fear of being outvoted, Great Britain fully intended to enter the conference with the three other governments.

But for Colonel Hay's representations, the first announcement of Great Britain's unwillingness to take part in the conference would have been final, but the United States Ambassador so plainly pointed out the unusual character of Great Britain's change of mind at so late a day that some of the Foreign Office officials decided to reopen the question, and have been endeavoring to secure Canada's acquiescence, but unsuccessfully.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador to the United States, also used his influence in a spirit of great friendliness to the United States in efforts to secure the adherence of Great Britain to the original programme.

The diplomats here consider that Great Britain's course was not courteous to Russia or Japan.

Experts who have been investigating the sales of sealskins in London, in order to obtain evidence for the use of the United States at the conference, have proof that eighty per cent. of the skins sold by the Canadian companies are those of female seals, and the most of the animals were shot.

STATE DEPARTMENT RETICENT.

Declines to Discuss the Action of the British Government.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Inquiry at the State Department confirms the announcement from the British Foreign Office in London that the British Government has refused to take part in any conference in which Russian and Japanese delegates participate. Beyond this confirmation the officials of the Department decline to discuss the question, as correspondence is still in progress on the subject.

John W. Foster, ex-Secretary of State, who is in charge of the interests of the United States in the Bering Sea seal fisheries matter, was asked about the statement that there would be two conferences, one between the United States and Great Britain and the other between the United States, Russia and Japan, but he declined to discuss this point at this time.

CANADIAN VILLAGES WIPED OUT.

Two Women and Two Children Perish in a Forest Fire.

Three Canadian villages, Casselman, South Indian and Cheney, have been swept away by forest fires. The inhabitants of Casselman, about 500 in number, are huddled together on the rocks in the river and are without sufficient clothing and have nothing to eat. Casselman included about one hundred houses, a lumber and a grist mill, a furniture factory and several other establishments of importance. All these have been destroyed. At South Indian, a population of 500 is homeless. Only three or four houses are still standing.

Four bodies have been recovered near South Indian. They are those of Mrs. Levielle, Miss Stiles, her sister and Mrs. Levielle's two children, one an infant, the other twelve years old. The women rushed from their house to escape to the clearing, but the smoke surrounding them, they lost their way and ran into the flames.

The forest fires spread rapidly along the Canadian boundary, and jumped across into North Dakota. Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of timber has been burned. Settlers fought in bands to save their homes.

FLEETEST OF OCEAN FLYERS.

German Racer Beats All Southampton Records on Her Trip Eastward.

All records over the Southampton course, east or west, were eclipsed by the huge North German Lloyd wonder, the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Steaming at twenty-one knots an hous she passed Eddystone lighthouse, fourteen miles from the Plymouth Breakwater, at 2.25 o'clock p. m., Wednesday 9.85 a. m., New York time—and in less than an hour later she was in port.

Thus the big ship has finished her first eastward trip from New York over a course of 2962 nautical miles, in five days, fifteen hours and ten minutes, which is equal to five days, twenty-one hours and ten minutes from Sandy Hook, N. J., to the Needles, off Southampton, England.

Not only has the Kaiser beaten all Southampton records, but she has increased her own average speed by .052 knots per hour.

Low's Opening Gun.

The principles of the Citizens' Union and the candidates nominated were indorsed and ratified at a mass meeting in Cooper Union, New York City. Mr. Low, the candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, was present and made a brief address. It was his first public appearance in the campaign, and he was enthusiastically received. Carl Schurz, Joseph Laroque, Charles Stewart Smith, C. C. Beaman, Charles S. Fairchild, John H. Schumann and Henry Weisman made addresses. Senator Guy tendered the Citizens' Union the allegiance of the Home Rule Democracy.

Spain to Grant Autonomy.

At a Cabinet council the Spanish Government decided to grant autonomy to Cuba under the suzrainty of Spain and to continue the campaign as long as may be necessary. Senor Gullon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, explained to the Cabinet the position of the diplomatic negotiations with the United States. Senor Sagasta, the Premier, has received a cable message from Lieutenant-General Weyler, who offers his services to the Government, and says, "I shall not resign." About 20,000 persons are reported to have marched to the palace in Havana where deputations asked Weyler to remain in Cuba.

Cycling Notes.

There are 4000 bicycles in the city of Johannesburg, South Africa.

The Long Island Railroad carried this season more than 100,000 bicycles.

A fiend has invented an automatic bicycle whistle which can be heard three blocks.

The Rev. G. Woolsey Hodge, of Philadelphia, comes out flat-footed and four-square in defence of Sunday cycling for recreation after "the moral duty of church attendance" has been fulfilled.

There is a fine art in modern high speed racing, which enables speed and knackness to out-weigh pure speed. Judicious "headwork," as it is called, more than compensates for a slight lack of sprinting or staying powers.

Many experts are not at all certain as regards the future of middle and long-distance match races, as now conducted. The growing opinion that the race usually goes to the man having the best pacing outfit bodes no good.

Lady Rosslyn is a fashionable English cyclist, and has expressed unqualified approval of the bicycle. She is of opinion that if her sex will only have the sense not to overdo the amount of exertion they can derive good from the exercise.

In applying graphite to the chain don't smear it on like sauce. Too much is as bad as not enough. A little of it applied to the inside joints of the chain will suffice to lubricate the chain for at least 100 miles of ordinary riding, very often much more. The outside of the chain should be wiped clean after each ride.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

No more free seeds will be sent out by the Department of Agriculture.

The President appointed Augustus G. Seyfert, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Stratford, Ontario, Canada.

Information reached Washington that the Government forces in Guatamala have recaptured Quezaltenango from the insurgents.

It is proposed by Secretary Long to include in his annual report a recommendation that Congress authorize him to secure a Government powder factory, so that the Government may not be compelled to depend upon private contractors for naval supplies of any character.

According to the estimates of the officials in the division of loans and currency, Treasury Department, there were on the 1st of October, 73,300,000 people in the United States, and the money in circulation per capita was $22.89.

A deficit of $11,441,579 resulted from the operations of the postal service in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997. In the previous year the deficit was $8,127,088. Receipts in 1896-97 were $82,665,463, and expenditures $94,097,042.

Domestic.

FINAL RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	93	39	.705	Wash'n.	61	71	.462
B'ltt	90	40	.692	Pittsb'g	59	71	.451
N'w York	83	48	.660	Chicago	59	72	.450
Cincin'ati	76	55	.580	Phila'd'a	55	78	.414
Clevel'd	69	60	.535	Louisv'le	52	76	.406
Brooklyn	61	71	.462	St. Louis	29	102	.221

A number of rich veins of lead ore have been discovered near Emaus, Lehigh County, Penn., and Dr. H. Horn, of Philadelphia, and other capitalists have leased a tract of land on which they have begun mining. Samples analyzed showed the ore to contain a large percentage of lead.

Highwaymen held up a Chicago and Alton express train at a point less then six miles from Kansas City, Mo. The robbery is the third on that railroad within a year, all within fifteen miles of Kansas City.

A disastrous fire raged in the stock yards district of Chicago, many horses being burned to death and one man losing his life.

Disastrous fires raged in Wood County, in the northwestern section of Ohio. One small village in the oil field has been entirely destroyed. The loss of property and crops is already very great.

Duncan Paul, Postmaster at Appin, Mich., was found dead in his office, shot through the head. It is thought that he was murdered.

The village of Meadville, N. Y., a collection of houses near the saw mills of Chauncey Mead was entirely wiped out by fire, entailing a loss of $25,000. The fire was caused by swamp fires, which are raging fiercely. One hundred workmen lose their homes and there is no insurance.

The will of Major Lewis Ginter was filed for Probate at Richmond, Va. The total value of the estate is between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000. Major Ginter's home is left to his nieces, the Misses Arents; Westbrook, his country home, is left to his sister, Mrs. Young, and the Bloomingdale stock farm to George Arents. His brother and his niece and nephew in Missouri are remembered, as are other relatives. Bequests are made to all the charitable institutions in the city.

Sheriff Doht, of Long Island City, has made public letters which have passed between Martin Thorn and Mrs. Nack, the alleged slayers of William Guldensuppe, proving that the pair have contemplated death by their own hands. They also show that Mrs. Nack has lost all hope.

The first New York beet sugar factory, at Rome, began operations. It is expected that about 20,000 tons of beets will be turned into white and brown sugar this season.

Henry Crower, a colored man, was taken from the court room at Hernando, Miss., by a mob of seventy-five men and lynched. Crower assaulted fifteen-year-old Dovie Ferguson.

While in the woods near Ameram, N. Y. hunting coons, Peter J. Yongonson, of that village, aged twenty-four years, was fatally shot by a companion, who fired at him in the dark, supposing he was a coon. The young man is dead.

The claims of the South Carolina Dispensary that original package sales were not hurting it were exploded when a comparison of September Dispensary sales with those of a year ago showed a falling off of nearly $40,000. Seven hundred and thirty-six barrels of liquor, ordered for use in September, are still on hand.

At Chicago the lawyers for Adolph L. Luetgert, the alleged wife murderer, closed the case for the defence. Luetgert was not put upon the stand, his counsel fearing that the cross-examination would weaken his case.

Judge Munger, of the United States District Court, granted, in Lincoln, Neb., a temporary restraining order to prevent the enforcement of the law in regular stock yards, passed by the Nebraska Legislature.

The accounts kept by the State Comptroller and by the State Commissioner of Excise of the money paid the Treasurer as the State's share of the liquor tax collected for the fiscal year ending October 1, 1897, were compared in Albany, N. Y., and agreed. The amount paid to the Treasurer, which is one-third of the total amount collected, was $4,002,938.21.

The Phoenix Brewing Company, of Louisville, Ky., failed, with liabilities of $250,000.

Mrs. Augusta Nack and Martin Thorn were arraigned in Long Island City, N. Y., and pleaded "Not guilty" to the indictment charging them with the murder of William Guldensuppe.

Governor Atkinson's wife was put on trial for forgery in a West Virginia court.

The Citizens' Union of Greater New York nominated John H. Schumann for President of the Council and Charles S. Fairchild for Comptroller of Greater New York.

President Low resigned as head of Columbia University, New York City. His resignation will be acted on November 15. The new university buildings on Morningside Heights were dedicated.

State Senator Miller, of the Reading (Penn.) District, and Daniel W. Reeser, Democratic nominee for Recorder, were arrested charged with bribery. Eli Swoyer, who was a candidate for Recorder before the last Democratic Convention, alleges that he withdrew in favor of Reeser and sold him his delegates for a promise of $1000. The accused were held in $1000 bail each. They deny the charges.

A verdict for $1789 was given at Lewiston, Me., to Arthur S. Melcher, of Auburn, who sued Mrs. Louise M. Hadley, niece of Representative Dingley, for $25,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage. Melcher is the first man in Maine to sue a woman for such a breach of contract. He claimed that Mrs. Hadley, as Miss Dingley, popped the question, and that he went to great expense to prepare a home for her, only to be jilted for Hadley.

Michael, the cycling wonder, was beaten by five yards in a twenty-five-mile race at Philadelphia. Starbuck rode a chainless bicycle and Michael had poor pacemakers.

Foreign.

The sum of $500,000 in gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England for shipment to the United States.

W. J. Scanlon, United States commercial agent, died of yellow fever at Port Antonio, Jamaica.

Great damage was done in Japan by a typhoon.

Sir John Gilbert, President of the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colors, is dead in England.

The European edition of the New York Herald is informed that the Indian Government has refused to consider Senator Wolcott's proposals in regard to silver.

After a discussion which continued for several days, the Chamber of Deputies of Peru adopted the gold standard by a majority of one vote.

William Peed, a lawyer of Cambridge, England, has disappeared with liabilities of $500,000.

The Greek Boulé passed a vote of confidence in M. Zaimis, and the action is understood to be an acceptance of the treaty of peace.

The Cavendish sporting expedition, which was reported massacred in the interior of Africa, has arrived at the coast alive and well.

Premier Sagasta, of Spain, called at the United States Legation in Madrid and had an interview with Minister Woodford.

The programme of the Spanish Liberals is to be carried out as soon as possible; strong efforts are being put forth by the friends of Captain-General Weyler to prevent his recall.

The latest returns from Maidstone, Kent, England, where typhoid fever is raging, show 1400 cases and fifty-six deaths. This is an increase of seventy cases in one day, and the hope that the epidemic had reached its climax is disappointed. The Queen has sent a message of sympathy to the Mayor of the town.

Torrential rains have done much damage in the Departments of Aube, Ariege, and Haute Garonne in France.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

41 MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.26 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	21,523
Condensed milk, cans	118
Cream, cans	475

BUTTER.

Creamery—West. extras	—	@	22
Firsts	19½	@	21
Thirds to seconds	14	@	18
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	21
State Dairy tubs, extras	18½	@	19
Imitation Creamery	12	@	16
Factory, fresh firsts	12	@	12½
Low grades	9	@	10½

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, new, large	—	@	9
Small	—	@	9¼
Part skims, good to prime	5	@	5½
Full skims	3	@	3¾

EGGS.

State and Penn—Fresh	18	@	18½
Jersey—Fancy	20	@	21
Western—Choice	16½	@	17
Southern—Choice	—	@	—
Duck eggs, ⅌ doz	—	@	—
Goose eggs, ⅌ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice	—	@	1 35
Medium, choice	1 17½	@	1 20
Pea, choice	—	@	1 10
Red kidney, choice	—	@	1 75
White kidney, choice	1 65	@	1 70
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., ⅌ 60 lbs	1 50	@	1 55
Green peas, bags	72½	@	75

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, ⅌ bbl	1 00	@	3 75
Watermelons, ⅌ 100	4 00	@	24 00
Peaches, Md., ⅌ carrier	75	@	1 50
Jersey, ⅌ basket	20	@	1 60
Pears, Seckle, ⅌ bbl	2 50	@	5 00
Bartlett, ⅌ bbl	50	@	3 50
Quinces, ⅌ bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Plums, ⅌ basket	12	@	20
Grapes, Del., ⅌ case	50	@	1 00
Niagara, ⅌ case	50	@	65
Concord, ⅌ case	35	@	50
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ⅌ bbl	4 00	@	5 50

HOPS.

State—1897, choice, ⅌ lb	—	@	16
1896, prime	—	@	7
Pacific Coast, 1896, choice	—	@	16
Good to prime	13	@	15
Old odds	2	@	4

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ⅌ lb	8½	@	9
Spring chickens, ⅌ lb	—	@	11
Roosters, ⅌ lb	—	@	5
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ⅌ pair	40	@	60
Geese, ⅌ pair	90	@	1 37
Pigeons, ⅌ pair	10	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ⅌ lb	7	@	.15
Spring chickens, Phila	10	@	15
Western, dry picked	8	@	10
Fowls, State & Penn., ⅌ lb	9	@	9½
Long Island ducks	12½	@	13
Geese, Eastern, ⅌ lb	—	@	14
Squabs, ⅌ doz	2 00	@	2 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ⅌ 100 lb	—	@	77½
Clover mixed	50	@	55
Straw—Long rye	40	@	60
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Jersey, ⅌ bbl	1 50	@	2 12
L. I., in bulk	—	@	2 25
Sweet, ⅌ bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Cabbages, ⅌ 100	4 00	@	6 00
Onions, white, ⅌ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Red, ⅌ bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Green peas, ⅌ bag	1 25	@	1 50
Egg plant, ⅌ bbl	75	@	1 25
Tomatoes, ⅌ box	75	@	1 00
String beans, L. I., ⅌ bag	30	@	50
Squash, ⅌ bbl	75	@	1 25
White	—	@	—
Turnips, Russia, ⅌ bbl	75	@	90
Corn, ⅌ 100	75	@	1 25
Celery, ⅌ doz	10	@	40
Cucumbers, ⅌ bbl	1 50	@	3 00
Cucumber pickles, ⅌ 1000	1 00	@	2 25
Lima beans, ⅌ bag	50	@	1 25
Beets, ⅌ 100 bunches	—	@	—
Carrots, ⅌ bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Cauliflower, ⅌ bbl	—	@	2 25
Parsley, ⅌ 100 bunches	—	@	1 00
Peppers, ⅌ bbl	60	@	1 25
Parsnips, ⅌ bbl	1 00	@	1 25

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter Patents	5 10	@	5 35
Spring Patents	5 15	@	5 50
Wheat—No. 2 Hard	—	@	97⅝
No. 2 Red	—	@	99⅜
Corn—No. 2	—	@	34¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	26¾
Track mixed	23½	@	24½
Rye—Western	—	@	48½
Barley—Feeding	—	@	29½
Lard—City steam	—	@	4.50c

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	7	@	9
Milch cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, city dressed	10½	@	12
Country dressed	7½	@	10½
Sheep, ⅌ 100 lb	3 25	@	4 00
Lambs, ⅌ 100 lb	5 00	@	5 80
Hogs—Live, ⅌ 100 lb	4 60	@	4 90
Country dressed	5	@	7¼

GIRLS BURNED TO DEATH.

Perished in a Fire at the State Reform School For Girls in South Dakota.

One building of the South Dakota State Reform School for Girls at Sioux Falls was destroyed by fire and eight inmates and one woman instructor were burned to death. The building was constructed of wood and was some distance from the main building.

Six of the victims are: Tillie Hooper, in charge of the sewing department; Nellie Johnston, aged 15, of Grafton, North Dakota; Mabel Fobert, aged 9, of Sioux Falls; Bessie Kirby, aged 14, of Hot Springs; Iva Warner, aged 16, of Watertown; Christina Bergman, aged 11, of Yankton.

Twenty-five girls escaped in their night clothes. The loss is about $25,000. The origin of the fire is unknown, but was probably caused by a lamp exploding.

ANDERSON GOES INTO BUSINESS.

The Indiana City Gains Possession of Water Works and Lighting Plants.

The City Government at Anderson, Ind., has advocated for months municipal ownership of public-service plants. It has been held that if the city should gain the ownership of the water works, the electric light plants and the street railways, there would be no need to levy any taxes.

Working upon this plan, the city gained possession of the water works and the street lighting plant, and then closed a deal whereby it gains possession of the commercial lighting plants. The income from these plants will amount to $40,000 annually. Steps are being taken to gain possession of the other public service plants.

Newsy Gleanings.

London has 600,000 dwellings.

Spain is buying 10,000 American cattle for Cuba.

Prairie fires have destroyed 120,000 tons of hay near Webster City, Iowa.

Women in Kokomo, Ind, have organized a company with $10,000 capital to drill for oil.

Reports from New Orleans show that the yellow fever is most virulent in the filthiest sections of the city.

Wildcats have attacked persons in various parts of Monroe County, Kentucky, within the last few weeks.

The tribesmen in India are again gathering to resist the British advance.

Crop experts estimate the American corn yield this year at 1,750,000,000 bushels.

Owing to hostile legislation the production of oleomargarine has fallen off 5,000,000 pounds since last year.

The blueberry season in Marquette County, Michigan, lasted eleven weeks this year, and the fruit realized $50,000.

Plenty of deer are reported in Vermont, and great numbers of partridges escape the hunters' attention because all have their thoughts on deer.

To survive the deadly charge of the brave "six hundred" at Balaklava and to succumb to a blow from a young bride, was the fate of George Waldron in Montreal.

From June 1 to August 20 of this year 8720 persons went through Yellowstone Park. This was an unprecedented number.

The train accidents during August aggregated 128, of which sixty-four were collisions, sixty-one derailments and three other accidents. Thirty-two persons were killed and 140 injured.

News comes from Guthrie, Oklahoma, that seventy farmers have received notice to vacate their places on the Oteo Indian reservation, where they are on allotment, with their harvests still ungathered, and trouble is feared.

In September nearly $5,000,000 worth of grain left Pacific coast ports for Europe, one-half of which was shipped from San Francisco. The total value of wheat and barley shipped in August and September was about $10,000,000.

THOUSANDS DROWNED.

From 15,000 to 20,000 Lives Lost by Floods in China.

The steamer Victoria brings news of the most disastrous floods that have visited China for many years. Sixty villages near Tung Chou, containing over 80,000 inhabitants, have been destroyed by floods, and the people drowned or forced to flee. There is no means of finding out how many thousands have been drowned, but the number is estimated by Chinese authorities at from 15,000 to 20,000.

The flooded district is within twelve miles of Pekin, the capital of China. As a rule, Chinese officials make very little stir when a calamity like this happens, but the proximity of the disaster has resulted in its being brought to the attention of the Emperor, who has ordered that all possible relief be given. Survivors from the villages nearest Pekin have been allowed such shelter as they can find in the city walls, but thousands are without protection against the rain, which continues to fall.

The floods have greatly damaged a large number of estates belonging to Pekin nobles. The unusual rains began July 23 and continued until August 15. The crops in the flooded district were destroyed.

Early in September high officials of Pekin and Tien-tsin suddenly forbade the slaughter of cattle, their object being to appease the wrath of the gods and stop the rain. The result was to cut off the entire meat supply, which led foreign consuls to protest and to report the situation to the foreign ministers at Pekin. It is claimed that the action of the officials constitutes a violation of the treaty rights.

THIRTY BURIED A

Six More Corpses of Russian Fanatics Found Walled Up.

Fresh excavations at Ternovsky, in the district of Tiraspol, not far from Odessa, Russia, the scene of the living burials of a number of persons belonging to the religious sect known as the "Raskolniki," who have been walled up alive by Feodore Kovaleff, in order that they might secure salvation by self-immolation, have resulted in the discovery of six more bodies of men, women and children. The search continues, and it is expected that about thirty corpses will be unearthed.

The Czar is taking a strong personal interest in the extraordinary occurrences at Ternovsky. Kovaleff, the fanatical executioner of the persons buried alive, is quite convinced of the sanctity of his act, and it is believed probable that he will be confined for life in a monastery as a madman.

One of the chief figures in this terrible drama is a well-educated woman, Vera Makaveyev, who, as Sister Vitalia, seems to have been a sort of priestess of the fanatical sect.

CONNECTICUT'S NEW LAW.

Citizenship, in Future, Depends on Ability to Read English.

The popular indorsement of the Constitutional amendment requiring all candidates hereafter for the right to vote in Connecticut to read the Constitution and State statutes in English was obtained by a small vote, as all such amendments invariably are, but by a vote large enough and a majority big enough to show that the feeling of the people of the Nutmeg State is almost a unit in favor of an educational limit to the privileges of citizenship, which in future depend on the applicants' ability to read English. The new law applies even to those already voters who change their residence.

The most active supporters of the amendment were the natives not actually in politics, and the Irish Americans. The press of the State discussed it with a unanimity that made opposition doubtful. One German newspaper published in Hartford came out against it, but the small vote against it shows the absence of any organized movement in opposition.

LIVE FROG IN HIS STOMACH.

Case of Albert Vansant, Who Was Said to be a Consumptive.

"Frogs in his stomach instead of consumption" is what has just been discovered as the ailment of Albert Vansant, a young man of Rahway, N. J. Within two years numerous physicians have diagnosed his case as pulmonary trouble, and two weeks ago he began the use of inhalants instead of drugs. Yesterday he was taken very ill with cramps and peculiar pains in his stomach, and soon he expelled a live frog four inches in length from his throat. The creature hopped about as if glad to be released from its confinement, and is now in the possession of the physician, who is diagnosing the case for more frogs.

The young man seems better to-day than for a year past. It is supposed that the animal was swallowed about two years ago while the young man was drinking from a small stream of water. He was violently ill for a few days at that time. The case is being watched with great interest.

Henry George Accepts.

At a mass meeting in Cooper Union, New York City, the nomination for Mayor of the Greater New York was formally offered to Henry George by the representatives of four Democratic factions, united as the Jeffersonian Democrats. In accepting the nomination, Mr. George declared that he was neither a gold man nor a silver man, but a Jeffersonian Democrat. He said that he stood on the same platform as that on which he stood in the municipal campaign eleven years ago. The enthusiasm of the audience was very great. Overflow meetings were held in the neighboring streets.

Republican Ticket in Virginia.

The Lamb wing of the Republican party, in convention at Lynchburg, Va., nominated P. H. McCall for Governor; O. B. Roller, of Harrisonburg, Lieutenant Governor, and James K. Lyons, of Richmond, Attorney General. Colonel William Lamb called the convention to order and was cheered throughout his speech, in which he denounced the regular machine for the cowardice displayed in refusing to call a convention of the party.

Unfinished Hotel Collapses.

The Charlevoix Inn, now in course of construction at Charlevoix, Mich., collapsed in a gale of wind, burying fifty workmen in the ruins of the structure, 400 feet long. Work had progressed so far that workmen were roofing in the structure, while lathers and plasterers were at work on the first and second floors. In the collapse two men were killed outright, Pierce Kendall, a carpenter, and a joiner whose name is unknown.

Resume Coining Silver Dollars.

The mint in San Francisco, Cal., will at once resume the coinage of silver dollars, in accordance with instructions received from Washington.

Boiler Explosion Kills Three.

The boiler in a grist mill at Moscow, Iowa, exploded and killed the engineer and fireman and a farmer named Marolf. J. E. Parker, C. Smith, H. Jacobs and a boy named Hunt were injured. The boiler weighed 2500 pounds and the boy was blown over 400 feet.

Bicycles Will Be Assessed.

Bicycle owners are to be assessed this year by the Board of Assessors, of New Haven, Conn. On the new tax lists which have been sent from door to door the "bicycle" is included. Owners of wheels are making a strong protest.

Murder Then Suicide.

During a quarrel in St. Louis, Mo., George P. Pfeffer, a stenographer, shot his father-in-law, Robert Delaney, through the brain and then killed himself. Delaney was seventy years old and had been in the habit of coming home intoxicated and making trouble. Pfeffer did not drink, and was considered an exemplary young man. His wife saw him shoot himself.

Forest and Prairie Fires.

Hundreds of acres have been burned over by the forest and prairie fires of Indiana and Illinois. Smoke impeded navigation on the lakes.

Murdered His Wife.

Peter Lynch, of New Brighton, Staten Island, went home, pulled his wife out of bed, and, after giving her a terrible beating, cut her throat with a razor. The woman was dead when the police arrived. Lynch inflicted dangerous wounds on himself before he was arrested. It is said jealousy was the cause of his act.

Two Deer Hunters Killed.

The opening of the deer-hunting season has been marked by two fatalities in New England. John Harbor, a well-known lumber man of Woodford, Vt., shot himself, and Louis Fottier, of Stratton, N. H., was shot and instantly killed by Theodore Goodrich, who mistook him for a deer.

Odd Aids For the Poor.

The suffering of the poor will be mitigated in some degree at least by the new slot machine constructed to utilize the waste heat of street lamps. By dropping a penny into the slot a gallon of boiling water may be drawn off.

Some Royal Titles.

The Kings and Queens of England were not always styled "His" or "Her Majesty," or after the pattern of that bestowed upon Victoria—"Her Most Gracious Majesty." Henry IV. was styled "His Grace;" Henry VI., "His Most Excellent Grace;" Edward IV., "High and Mighty Prince;" Henry VII., "His Grace and His Majesty;" Henry VIII., "His Highness," and afterward "His Majesty." Subsequently the English Kings were styled "His Sacred Majesty." While on the subject it may not be uninteresting to give the meaning of some royal titles, thus: King means father; Kaiser and Czar, Cæsar, or autocrat, a contraction of Samoderebeta. Duke means leader; Emperor, commander; Hospodar, master of the house; Khan, provincial chief; Landgrave, land reeve; Margrave, border reeve; Nizam, ruler; Pharaoh, light of the world; Shah, protector; Sheik, elder, and Sultan, ruler.

Rats That Went Crabbing.

An inhabitant of the Scilly Islands was struck by the fact that the rats there seemed to prosper greatly, although the place is very barren. He resolved to investigate the cause of this, and digging up some of the nests by the seashore, found that the rats had dragged crabs into their holes, and, in order to prevent their escape, had bitten off their legs. No doubt the prey had been seized at low tide and brought home, to be stored up there by the original device just described.—Der Stein der Weisen.

Facts About Faces.

The two sides of a face are never alike; in two cases out of five the eyes are out of line; one eye is stronger than the other in seven persons out of ten, and the right ear is generally higher than the left.

What $100 Will Buy.

3 mos. course in Wood's New York School of Business and Shorthand. Tuition, Books, Board. The unlimited possibilities of securing good positions. F. E. Wood, 5th Ave. and 125th St.

Canada has given more than $198,000 for the relief of the plague and famine sufferers of India.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of Grain-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-quarter the price of coffee. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Hear That Bark?

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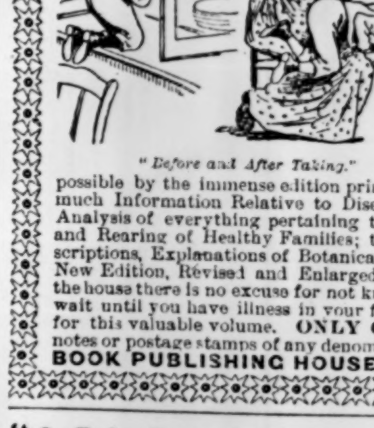
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